VOTE COMMUNIST FOR:

1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.
3. Emergency relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks; exemption of poor farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rent or debts

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

(Section of the Communist International)

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR:

4. Equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt.
5. Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.
6. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

Vol. IX, No. 265 — Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N.Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879. — NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1932 — CITY EDITION — Price 3 Cents

COME TO MADISON SQ. GARDEN TOMORROW NIGHT

In the Day's News

HOOVER, THOMAS, ROOSEVELT "ARE ONE"

NEW YORK.—Mrs. Carrie Catt yesterday announced her "discovery" that Hoover, Thomas and Roosevelt "are as one" on the question of disarmament. She declared she had received assurance from all three "that the policy of our country toward disarmament at Geneva will be a continuing and consistent one, regardless of the outcome of the election."

The policy of the U. S. capitalists and their socialist lackeys is glaringly exposed in their present attempt to cover up their frantic war preparations with lying pacifist phrases and by support of the Geneva "disarmament" swindle. Only a vote for the Communist Party is a vote against imperialist war.

LEHMAN ADMITS NOTHING DONE FOR DEPOSITORS

NEW YORK. — Lieut.-Governor Lehman, democratic candidate for governor of New York State, last night appealed for election at a Democratic rally in the Hunts Point Palace in the Bronx on the strength of his unsuccessful "efforts" to save the Bank of the United States from crashing. Colonel Donovan, his republican rival, had let the cat out of the bag that the state government had done nothing to prevent the robbery of the 400,000 depositors of the bank, most of them workers, who lost their last savings in the crash. Lehman admitted that the state legislature had refused to "even to consider plans" to reform the banking system. He laid the blame for this on the republicans. Both Lehman and Donovan are right on one thing: and that is that both the Republicans and the Democrats are responsible for the looting of millions of poor depositors not only in New York State but in the failure of many thousands of banks thruout the country.

HOOVER EN-ROUTE

CLEVELAND, Nov. 4. — Accompanied by his personal physician and a group of blah-blah artists, Hoover is traveling on a special train to California, flooding the country-side with republican demagogy. His route lies through the ruined farm districts of Maryland, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Wisconsin and Illinois. He will stop off for speeches in many cities whose industries and banks are practically closed down with millions of workers thrown on the streets to starve. In Maryland, and a number of southwestern states he will pass through territory where hundreds of thousands of Negroes are held in peonage and virtual slavery. In California he will be welcomed by Gov. Rolph, the jailer of Tom Mooney, framed-up and falsely convicted by the California ruling class.

BERLIN STRIKERS FIGHT POLICE; DESTROY TRUCK LOAD OF SOCIALIST PAPERS

Police Repeatedly Fire on Crowds; Kill One Striker; Arrest Over 100; Charge Treason

Street Cars, Subways, Busses Practically Stopped; Defy Officials' Orders to Return

Expect Huge Communist Vote

(Cable by Inprecorr)

BERLIN, Germany, Nov. 4.—The strike of 20,000 street railway workers, against wage cuts agreed to by their union officials but voted down by the members, is standing solid. The strikers defy the government arbitration decision that the wage cut must go through.

Over a hundred pickets and members of the Central Strike Committee were arrested today.

Treason charges are to be placed against those arrested, according to reports in the capitalist press.

Rote Fahne ("Red Flag", Communist paper) and Welt Am Abend ("Evening World", left wing paper) were suppressed for seven days for supporting the strikers.

Delegates of other city workers are meeting to consider solidarity with the street railway strikers.

The municipal railways company posted notices last night ordering all to return to work at 2 p.m. today or be discharged. Then it tried to run a few cars and busses on lines to the center of the city, and the result was fierce fighting between mass pickets and police.

Police Kill Striker

The police fired at the crowd on numerous occasions, killed one striker and wounded several, at the Schoenberg depot.

Very few cars got out. Big crowds before all the depots stopped them.

The union officials, many of them Socialists, appealed to all to go back to work according to the company's orders.

The strikers refused to heed the appeals or the orders or threats. They are standing fast. The subway stations remain closed. Here and there isolated busses or street cars run with heavy guards of police and with broken windows and stones rained on them at various points.

It is obvious that a majority of the workers organized in this right wing union refuse to obey the return to work order as long as the Red Trade Union Opposition calls for a continuation of the strike.

The Socialist prestige is greatly damaged. Strikers stopped the truck delivering bundles of the Vorwaerts ("Forwards," Socialist paper) today, seized the papers and scattered them about the street.

The strike is costing the company half a million marks a day, whereas the wage cut would total a million a year.

VET ATTACK WAS GLASSFORD PLAN

Secret Letter Proves His Responsibility

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 4.—A letter written by Major Glassford just made public here reveals that the former Washington police chief and booster for Franklin D. Roosevelt drew up the plan for driving the ex-servicemen out of Washington with troops.

The letter marked "secret" and sent to all commissioners of the capitol completely unmasks Glassford who has been making wild statements throwing the responsibility for the murderous action of the police and troops against hungry men, women and children onto Hoover.

The Glassford letter was found in the District Building here. It was written on June 3rd and called for the separation of the militant ex-servicemen from the rest in order to facilitate the terror drive of the government. The letter closes saying: "Recommendation—That preparations be made by the Commissioners to declare an emergency, and to provide for the use of the National Guard, or to place in effect 'The White Plan.'"

The White Plan, it is explained in Washington, "is the official designation of the War Department of the plan to be followed by the regular army in quelling of serious internal disorders."

BEBRITS SAILS TO SOVIET UNION

Greets I.L.D. for Successful Defense

NEW YORK CITY, Nov. 4.—Louis Bebrits, editor of the Hungarian Communist Daily in this country the "Uj Elore," reported to the Immigration authorities at Ellis Island yesterday and was there placed on board ship which takes him on the first lap of his journey to the Soviet Union.

BEBRITS

Bebrits was threatened with deportation to Roumania. For the last two years the International Labor Defense has conducted a fight to win for him the right of voluntary departure to the U. S. S. R. A mass meeting was held last night by the I. L. D. at 350 East 81st St., which celebrated the successful outcome of this fight and served at the same time as a meeting of farewell to this class fighter.

Bebrits, when interviewed by the Daily Worker yesterday reviewed his eight years of activities in the revolutionary movement of this country and gave a series of examples of the rapid growth the Communist movement and great mass struggles of the workers of this country.

"I would like, first of all," he said, "to express my gratitude to the ILD for its successful defense of my case. Ordinarily such a case is disposed of within two months. My case is now two years old. Mass pressure mobilized by the ILD has saved me from deportation to fascist Roumania and has made possible my voluntary departure to the Soviet Union."

Warden Exposed in John L. Spivak Book Drops Dead

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 4.—Warden T. Newell West, in charge of prison camps in Chatham County, of which Savannah is the largest city ,died of heart failure while his brutal treatment of prisoners, which is exposed in the novel by John L. Spivak, "Georgia Nigger", was under investigation. West dropped dead while inspecting one of the roads built with chain gang labor.

Photostatic copies of letters sent to Warden West by the State Prison Commission of Georgia regarding the treatment of a prisoner who was refused a doctor when dying, and the death report of the prisoner a few days later are among the documents in "Georgia Nigger" that the Daily Worker, now publishing the book serially, will print.

NOTE:—The Daily Worker has additional documents regarding this sensational case, which were not included in the Spivak book, and will publish them along with other startling evidence of fiendish torture of prisoners in the course of the serialization now running. Don't miss today's instalment of this smashing exposure—turn to page 4!—Editor.

KJAR TAKEN TO TRAIN, GUARDED

Workers' Leader Is Being Deported

BULLETIN

CHICAGO, Ill. Nov. 4—One hundred and fifty workers gathered at the station to which immigration authorities took Kjar on the first lap of his deportation. Kjar spoke, assuring his comrades he would carry on the workers' struggle and be back at the first opportunity. He urged all to join and support the Communist Party, vote Communist, build the unemployed councils and militant unions.

* * *

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 4.—Immigration authorities took Nels Kjar, under heavy guard from Dearborn station yesterday on his way to deportation to Denmark. Kjar is being exiled because of his long struggles in the ranks of the left wing movement in the A. F. L., and because he has been a leader of unemployed and militant union workers fighting wage cuts and for unemployment insurance.

Communists Hit Cuts in Teachers' Salaries

Answering a letter by the Teachers' Committee to protect salaries, in which the Gubernatorial and Mayoralty candidates of the Communist Party are asked to state their positions on teachers' salaries, Israel Amter, and William L. Patterson declared in a joint statement that they and the Communist Party are opposed to the following:

1—Action of the state Legislature to revise or revoke present statues protecting teachers' salary schedules, or any attempt to transfer these rights to the Board of Education.

2—Reduction of present salary schedules for teachers

3—Moratorium on mandatory increments.

4—Any enforced furlough without pay.

5—Salary refund to the city or state.

Socialist Union Leader Supports Democratic Party

NEW YORK, Nov., 4.—The picture of David Dubinsky, president of the International Ladies Garment Workers' Union, and member of the Socialist Party, together with his letter to Herbert H. Lehman, Democratic candidate for governor, appear in a three column advertisement today, in the Jewish "Day." Both the letter and the advertisement are devoted to wholehearted and unqualified endorsement of Lehman by the Socialist and "Labor leader," Dubinsky.

Only the day before Norman Thomas complained in his speech at the Madison Square Garden that Hoover could not distinguish between the Democratic and the Socialist Party. The members of the Socialist Party, according to the example set by Dubinsky, likewise do not find such a distinction necessary.

Calls Lehman "Warmest Friend."

Expressing gratitude to Lehman for his "help to avoid" what Dubinsky considers "unnecessary strikes and to bring about a dignified and just settlement," he proceeds to recommend Lehman to the workers as their 'warmest friend." The workers are urged to vote for Lehman because he helped to "bring about a dignified and just settlement" for workers in the Needle industry.

Big Nov. 7th Meet in Newark on Monday

NEWARK, N. J.—Preparations for a huge celebration of the 15th anniversary of the Russian Revlution this Monday evening at Doelger's hall, 358 Morris Ave., are going forward rapidly.

Vote Communist for Foster and Ford, Workers Leaders

William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for President (left) and James W. Ford, Communist candidate for vice-president (right). Foster is general secretary of the Trade Union Unity League, leader of the great steel strike, organizer of Chicago stockyards workers, and always a fighter for the workers. Ford is a Negro worker, world war veteran, leader in the bonus march, leader in the united struggle of Negro and white workers against lynching, race discrimination, and against starvation.

ALL OUT TONITE! SCORE ROOSEVELT

Workers! "Greet" Him As He Deserves

NEW YORK.—Tonight, Franklin D. Roosevelt, the hypocritical friend of the "forgotten man," will speak at Madison Square Garden.

The workers of New York do not forget that in April 1931, he used the state police to club the hunger marchers in Albany. We do not forget that his government proposes wage cuts for the state employes. We do not forget that the Tammany machine is part of Roosevelt's party, and its candidate for mayor of New York, O'Brien, has promised more clubbing for the unemployed of New York.

The veterans do not forget that Roosevelt is against the bonus, and by his silence approved the driving of the veterans out of Washington and the murder of five of their buddies.

The Negro workers do not forget that Roosevelt is of the party that has disfranchised 4,000,000 Negroes in the south, that has lynched 4,000 Negroes since 1882; that gives full support to Roosevelt, the Ku Klux Klan, lynch hater of the Negroes and white workers.

Therefore, the workers of New York will give a proper reception to Roosevelt at Madison Square Garden tonight.

Be at 49th Street and 8th Ave tonight at 8 p.m., and let Roosevelt know that his talk about the "forgotten man" does not fill stomachs, and that the workers are going to fight for their rights!

WATCHERS MEET

All watchers who volunteered as watchers in the Downtown, meet at 131 W. 21st St., Saturday at 3 p. m.

Send In Immediate Reports to the Daily Worker on Vote In Every Precinct!

Intellectuals Support Browder, Communist Candidate for Senate

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 4. — A group of liberals and intellectuals, including Carl Haessler, for a long time manager of the Federated Press, Frederick Shuman, University of Chicago professor, Attorney Montgomery, and a number of others, have signed a statement endorsing Bill Browder, Communist candidate for senator.

They declare their support for that part of the Communist platform which pledges to fight against capitalist terror and calls attention to Browders' activities as district secretary of the International Labor Defense.

Jobless Conference in Boro Park Sunday

The Unemployed Council of Boro Park is callin ga united front conference of all workers' organizations for Sunday, 10 a. m. at the Workers Club, 135-43rd St.

The conference will take steps to start immediate action in the winning of relief. That this is urgent is shown by the recent suicide of a hungry worker on 41st St. Relief has been cut in half. Plans will also be made for the National Hunger March.

WABC LISTENERS HEAR "VOTE COMMUNIST"

The capitalists were caught off their guard when "Vote Communist for Foster and Ford" was heard at 3 p. m. last Wednesday throughout the United States through the nation-wide radio hookup of WABC.

Rose Cohen, a worker, chanced to be selected as one of a group of people to give a few words on their political views in a special program presided over by Ted Husing. They did not realize till too late that Rose Cohen was a class conscious worker and therefore favored working class candidates.

HOOVER SAYS HE'S IN 'CIVIL WAR'

Also Asks Farmers to Oppose Jobless

NEW YORK.—A delegation of ex-servicemen presented demands for an increase in relief for veterans to Mayor McKee yesterday. The demands included one calling for trucks to be supplied by the city for the bonus marchers.

McKee passed the buck to Commissioner of Welfare Taylor.

On Sunday all veterans are called to attend an open forum to be held at Post 1 headquarters, 154 West 20th St., at 2 p.m.

* * *

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 4.—Hoover on this eve of his speech here today, issued copies of it to the press. He is doing what Republican candidates have rather given up lately, he is, in the absence of better arguments, "waving the bloody shirt". That is, he is trying to rouse the passions of the American Civil War.

Hoover compares the depression to the Civil War, and claims that as the battle of Gettysburg turned the tide there towards victory for the North, so he, Hoover, brought the country around the corner of the depression last winter!

Sixteen million jobless and the bullet strewn battlefields of the Illinois coal strike against an 18 per cent wage cut deny his statement, but that is his story and he is going to stick to it.

He also repeats his original declarations that his high tariff will save the farmers, who are ruined under the present high tariff. Hoover tried to drive a wedge between the farmers and the unemployed, by declaring that any jobless relief would be at the expense of the farmers.

The Communist program is for united picketing, united demonstrations for relief, for higher prices to the farmer and lower to the city workers.

Workers Protest Police Threat to Attack Picketers of U. S. Supreme Court Monday

WILL PUSH FIGHT FOR SCOTTSBORO

Unmasking of Court Alarms Bosses

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Captain Stephen Gnash of the Capitol police force today threatened violence against the workers and intellectuals who will picket the United States Supreme Court on Monday in behalf of the seven innocent Negro boys on whose appeal against the Alabama lynch death verdicts the court postponed decision until after the elections.

The police threat of violence was made before a delegation made up of Spector and North, of the International Labor Defense, Murphy of the Baltimore Afro-American, Roque of the Pittsburgh Courier, and Henry Post of the Ex-Servicemen's League. Spector and Murphy as spokesmen for the delegation told Gnash that the picketing would be carried thru "despite your threats." Gnash replied that "we'll not only call out our entire capitol police force, but also metropolitan police." The hearing was held in the Capitol police office, directly before the chambers of the Supreme Court.

The hearing was stormy, the delegation militantly defending the rights of the workers to picket the boss court. Gnash concluded the interview by showing the delegation to the door. Sitting directly behind Gnash during the hearing was a representative of the Capitol authorities whispering directives to him.

The local capitalist press is carrying full front page headlines on the plans to picket the court. Frank Spector, assistant national secretary of the ILD, commentin on the police threat declares:

"This action is clearly dictated on the order of the highest authority of the land. The capitalists and their government are alarmed at the growing realization among the Negro and white workers of the role of the Supreme Court as an instrument of the ruling class for the perpetuation of their rule of exploitation and starvation, and especially for the continuance of the monstrous national oppression and persecution of the Negro masses.

"The ILD and other workers' organizations are determined to proceed with the picketing of the highest court of capitalism despite the police threats. We are determined to carry on the struggle for the freedom of the innocent Scottsboro boys.

"The responsibility clearly lies with the police who have already announced their intention to assault the picketers as in the case of the Bonus Marchers and the anti-war demonstration before the Japanese Embassy here."

All workers organizations are urged to at once rush telegrams to Captain Gnash, Capitol Police, Washington, D. C., protesting against the police threats of violence and demanding the right of the workers to picket the court.

Nov. 7th Edition Out at 9:30 p. m. Sunday

The special Nov. 7th edition of the Daily Worker commemorating the 15th anniversary of the Russian Revolution will be off the press Sunday, Nov. 6th, at 9:30 p.m.

All units which are assigned by the section to sell the Daily Worker in Madison Square Garden should report to the press room at 9:30 p.m., 50 E. 13th St. Take the bundle orders, and rush to the Square, where the Daily is to be sold after the meeting is over.

All other orders should be taken out at the same time or Monday at 7 a.m., in the district Daily Worker office, 35 E. 12th St.

CELEBRATE 15TH YEAR OF RUSSIAN REVOLUTION; VOTE COMMUNIST RALLY

Will Announce Red Vote in German Election; Hear Foster Over Phone-Amplifier!

MASS ORGANIZATIONS MARCH INTO HALL AT 6 P. M. CHORUS OF 500; BIG RED PAGEANT

Final Meet of Communist Election Fight With Browder, Amter, Patterson Speaking

BULLETIN

NEW YORK.—The results of the election taking place in Germany on Sunday, at which large Communist gains are expected, will be announced at the Garden Rally Sunday night.

* * *

NEW YORK.—Sunday night the workers of New York will celebrate by thousands the Fifteen Anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution. Thousands of workers will gather in Madison Square Garden, Eigth Ave. and 50th St., at 7 p.m., in support of the workers' fatherland, where there are no wage-cuts or unemployment, and to hear the leaders of the Communist Party on the present election campaign of the party, against wage cuts and for unemployment insurance and relief.

Within the borders of the Soviet Union race prejudice is smashed; here the Communist Party campaigns in this election for full equality to the Negro. Within the Soviet Union the worker is free, and he runs the country; here the Communist Party leads a struggle through this election campaign against capitalist brutality and the suppression of the political rights of the workers.

Special Occasion

The District Committee of District 2 (New York) of the Communist Party says in a statement issued yesterday:

"This year in particular the workers of the United States and the State and City of New York have every reason to look with the greatest hope towards the Soviet Union. Misery and starvation increase in the United States; the capitalists, through their three parties, Republican, Democrat and Socialist, offer only one way out of this crisis and that is **further misery and war.**

"The Communist Party, following the leadership given by Lenin and the Communist Party of the Soviet Union in 1917, points out to the workers that there **is only one way out of this crisis for the workers and impoverished farmers,** and that is **the revolutionary** way of struggle for the destruction of the whole capitalist system.

"Democratic and Republican workers, and especially Socialist Party workers, whose struggle is part of the struggle of the whole working class against all its enemies, let us unite on this 15th Anniversary of the Russian Revolution in one common united front battle against hunger and war, to smash this system of starvation and establish in the United States a Workers and Farmers' Government."

The New York State United Front Communist Election Campaign Committee announced today that it has completed arrangements for seating between 20,000 and 25,000 workers who will surge to Madison Square Garden for their final Communist election rally and 15th anniversary celebration. The speech of William Z. Foster will be carried out by a special phone and loud speaker hook-up from his bedside to the crowd in the Garden. Foster's address, scheduled to come over the special wire at 9.15 p. m., will be preceded by addresses delivered by Earl Browdr, Israel Amter, William L. Patterson and Clarence Hathaway, all leading Communist candidate and known for their intense revolutionary activity.

Unity with Soviet Workers

The mass pageant which the Workers League Theatre will present at the rally in Madison Square Garden on Sunday, depicting the achievements of the workers in the Soviet Union, will be a powerful expression of the unity of the American revolutionary workers with their comrades in the Soviet Union. Soviet and American revolutionary songs and music will be provided at the rally by a workers' chorus of 500 and by the Workers International Relief band.

Doors Open at 6 P. M.

With indications that overflow meetings will be necessary on the outside, all workers, are urged to be in the Garden before 7 p. m., on Sunday, in order to be assured of seats inside. Doors will be open at 6 p. m. Arrangements have been made to address the overflow meeting on 49th St. between 8th and 9th Ave.

* * *

All section and Unit organizers are to report at Madison Square Garden on Sunday, November 6th at 3 p. m. to be assigned to their respective posts.

All other comrades who have been assigned by their units to act as ushers and to help at the meeting are to report not later than 4 p. m.

Tickets for reserved seats will be sold at Madison Square Garden on Sunday, November 6th from 1 p. m. on.

Anyone wishing to buy tickets for such reserved seats will be able to buy them at Madison Square Garden.

THE SOVIET UNION BUILDS NEW LIFE

Record Big Gains on 15th Anniversary

By N. Buchwald

(European Coressponent of Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Nov. 4. (By Cable).—The Soviet press, filled with material portraying the new type of men and women produced by fifteen years of the Revolution, sights this as one of the greatest achievements of the Soviet Union. The entire life of the people has been changed. The outlook of the individual is totally different that which prevails in the capitalist countries.

The young generation brought up in the spirit of workers rule and under the guidence of the Leninist Communist Party now constitutes forty percent of the entire population. Even the bourgeois writers admit the marvelous spirit of the Soviet youth which is the greatest asset of the Soviet Union. The old generation workers and peasants has also undergone a transformation from accustumed social and moral habits, to the standards of the proletarian dictatorship and the self rule.

Developing Leaders

The workers and peasants are coming to the fore as leaders of industry throughout the entire field of Socialist economy and in convention at Kharkov, were 20 per cent workers and 17 per cent peasants. These and other striking examples prove that only in the Soviet Union, under workers rule and the leadership of the Communist Party, conditions are created for real opportunity of the individual, the development of his talents and creative ability, and unrestricted advancement in the fields of technique, science and art.

Industrial Giants Confirm Gains

Above gains, strikingly confirmed by figures of the Moscow District where illiteracy has been eliminated to the extent of 99 and one half per cent of the population, are seconded by the achievement of industry. The greatest industrial giants of the Soviet Union report the fufillment of their October quota, many of the plants going over the top. The Moscow auto plant, called "Stalin," gave 1685 cars and a half a million's worth of spare parts for October. The Electrozavod (Elecro-factory) employing 25,000 and working entirely with Soviet materials, has fulfilled its plan. The average daily output of magnetos is now four times greaer than it was in January, 1932. This plant has fulfilled its quota 107 percent The Moscow ball bearing plant has likewise, completed its October quota. All sectors of industry have increased production and improved living conditions of workers.

The Nizhni Novgorod auto plant, "Gorky" has passed the 5,000 mark since its opening. Car number 5,000

(CONTINUED ON PAGE FIVE)

OPEN BRONX WORKERS BOOK SHOP

Tonight marks the opening of the Bronx Workers Book Shop at 1437 Wilkins Avenue, which will not only be a convenient place for the workers in the Bronx to get their working-class literature, but will become a center of distribution to all mass organizations.

A feature of the book shop will be newly imported Russian art goods at exceptionally reasonable prices.

International Workers Order Red Night Tonight; 13 Meets

Communist Candidates and Speakers Busy in Numerous Mass Meetings Today and Tomorrow

SATURDAY

Workers' Zukunft Club Ball on Saturday, Nov. 5, at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., at 8 p.m. Admission, 50 cents.

* * *

I.W.O. Red Night

Thirteen preliminary meetings will precede a Red Night Central Rally which the International Workers Order will hold Saturday, 8 p.m. in Rutgers Square, with Ben Gold as a main speaker.

* * *

West Side Rallies

Election rallies on the West Side Saturday evening will be held at 41st St. and 8th Ave.; 46th St. and 9th Ave.; 53rd St. and 8th Ave. and at 62nd St. and Amsterdam, with speakers consisting of Harry Fleidberg, candidate in the 5th Assembly District, Dorio E. Stevens, and Sadie Van Veen, candidate in the 3rd Assembly District.

* * *

Vote For Foster Club

The Communist Election Program will be explained by Marlin, who will speak at an election dance given by the Fifth Avenue Vote for Foster Club Saturday evening at 38 W. 38th St.

* * *

Amter in Harlem

Israel Amter, candidate for Governor, will be the main speaker at a Saturday evening Central Rally at 138th St. and Lenox Ave. This rally will be preceded by a torchlight parade which will start at 134th St. and 8th Ave., at 9:30 p.m. Preliminary meetings at 134th St. and 5th Ave., at 135th and 7th Ave., at 140th St. and 7th Ave., and 142nd St. and Lenox Ave. will be addressed by Elinor Henderson, candidate in the 21st Congressional District, A. Williams and Legree.

* * *

Hathaway in the Bronx

Clarence Hathaway, candidate in the 3rd Congressional District, will speak Saturday evening at 161st St. and Prospect Ave.

* * *

Parade in Red Hook

A torch parade will be held through Red Hook Saturday evening, starting at 31 Atlantic Ave. L. De Santes, candidate in the 8th Congressional District, and M. Pichony will address the Red Hood Rallies.

* * *

Women's Rally in Brooklyn

Rose Wortis, candidate for Compiroller, will address a Women's Rally Saturday evening at Bristol and Pitkin Ave.

* * *

Shepard in Rockaway

Henry Shepard, candidate for Lieutenant-Governor of New York, and Irving Dolb, candidate in the 23rd Assembly District, will address a Saturday evening rally at Rockaway and Dumont.

* * *

2 Torch Parades in Section 15

George E. Powers, candidate for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and Moisaye Olgin, candidate in the 24th Congressional District will speak at Tremont and Prospect. A torch parade will start at Tremont and Washington Ave. at 7:30 p.m. tonight.

* * *

Carl Brodsky, candidate in th e23rd Congressional District, James Steele, candidate in the 4th Assembly District, and Olgin, will address a rally at Claremont Parkway and Washington Ave. this evening, with a torchlight parade starting at 7:30 p.m., from McKinley Square.

* * *

SATURDAY, BROOKLYN

13 Ave. and 45th St. Speaker: D. Loew.

Coney Island Ave. and Bridgewater Court Speaker, M. Blum.

32 St. and Mermaid Ave. Speakers: A. Bruns and M. Pichenej.

Parade through Red Hook section and after that an indoor meeting with L. De Santes speaking.

* * *

SUNDAY MEETS

A number of election meetings will be held Sunday at hours prior to the Madison Square Garden Rally.

Abraham Markoff, candidate in the 14th Congressional District, will speak at the Concordia Partona, 102 Montrose Ave. Sunday noon.

Section 15 will hold an indoor meeting at 2 p.m. to mobilise all workers in that section for the Madison Square Garden Rally in the evening.

Brownsville Shoe Center, 149 Sutter Ave. 11 a.m.

Nasin speaking in English and Dominick Plaini in Italian (Plaini is Communist candidate for senator in Williamsburg) will speak at a mass meeting 3:30 p.m. at 102 Montrose Ave., near Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn.

* * *

Section headquarters where workers should apply Sunday morning for their final Red Sunday drives are at: 96 Ave. C; 418 W. 53rd St.; 3882 Third Ave.; 2700 Bronx Park East; 2075 Clinton Ave.; 869 Prospect Ave.; and at 1400 Boston Road.

What's On—

SATURDAY

City Calendar

John Reed Club Housewarming Party, at 8:30 p.m. New headquarters, 450 Sixth Avenue. Chalk Talk—John Reed Club artists—Dance group. Music and dancing. Adm. 25 cents.

Lower Bronx U. C. Social at 525 E. 139th St. Adm. 5 cents.

Yorkville Young Communist League Party at Hungarian Workers Home, 350 E. 81st St. at 8:30 p.m. Benefit "Young Worker."

Open Forum Harlem Workers Center, 650 Lenox Ave. Sunday—called off.

All veterans in Harlem call today at 127 West 125th St.

Brownsville Workers Club Concert and Banquet at 1440 East New York Avenue, Brownsville, at 8 p.m. All invited.

Porto Rican Anti-Imperialist festival and dance, 8 p.m. at 31 Atlantic Ave., Brooklyn.

House Party Tom Mooney ILD Br. 385 W. 110th St. Apt. 11, at 8 p.m.

Steve Katovis Br. ILD Concert & Dance 213 E. 3rd St. at 8 p.m. Adm. 15c.

Red Spark A.C. Dance at 333 Sheffield Ave. near Sutter Ave. Brooklyn. Dancing until morning. Adm. 25c.

United Front Elec. Camp. Comm. Concert & Dance, 2273 Bath Ave. Brooklyn. Adm. 25c.

Fred Biedenkapp will speak at 1813 Pitkin Ave. Brooklyn, at 8:30 p.m. on 15th Anniversary of Russian Revolution.

W.I.R. Simms Branch Concert & Dance 8 p.m., 2700 Bronx Park East. No Adm.

Prospect Workers Center Third Annual Ball at Hunts Point Palace, 8 p.m. All Bronx workers invited. Corner 163rd and Southern Blvd.

American Youth Federation concert and dance 8:30 p.m.—133 West 14th St. Adm. 35 cents.

Proletcult lecture — "Revolutionary vs. Reformist Parliamentarism" by V. Jerome, writer-critic, at 8:30 p.m.

Scottsboro Br. ILD protest meeting at 8 p.m. at 261 Schenectady Ave., Brooklyn.

Tremont Workers Club Dance and Musical, 2075 Clinton Ave. benefit Furniture Workers Ind. Union. Adm. trifling.

W. I. R. Longfellow Br. Symposium at Bronx Workers Club, 1610 Boston Road.

Workingclass Women Council 35 celebration, 2006, 70th St. Brooklyn. Adm. 25c.

Working class Women Council 36 — entertainment at 951 Leggit Ave. Bronx. All invited.

Council 20 Workingclass Women party at 962 Sutter Ave. All invited.

Workingclass Women Council 15 — Red Wedding at 571 Powell St. Brooklyn — Comrade Gesenicks home. All proceeds for Freiheit.

Units 5 and 6 Bronx party for benefit of Young Worker at Italian Workers Club 184th and Arthur Ave.

15th Anniversary Celebration of Italian Br. of F.S.U., 233 E. 10th St. All workers invited.

United Manhattan Brs. of Work. Sick and Death Benefit Fund Festival — Labor Temple, 243 East 84th St., 8 p.m. Dancing. Adm. 35c.

* * *

SUNDAY

American Youth Federation, 133 W. 14th St. open forum—"Highlights of Week."

Youth Sect. Needle Trades W. I. U. Hike —8:30 a.m. at Dykman St. Station.

Allen Taub lecture (Tom Mooney Br. I. L.D., 2 p.m. at 108 E. 14th St.

Medical Workers asked to meet at 49th St. entrance of Madison Sq. Garden to march under banner of Medical Workers League.

Post 2 of WESL open forum, 2 p.m. at 154 W. 20th St. "Bonus".

All members of WESL, all rank and file vets, all unorganized vets meet Sunday at 154 W. 20th St. to march to Madison Sq. Garden. All members of speakers groups meet at 2 p.m. at same address.

W. I. R. band members report not later than 5 p.m. at 49th St. entrance Madison Square Garden. Do not come late.

ISSUE CITY-WIDE CALL FOR "DAILY"

700 Groups Invited to Meet on Nov. 13

NEW YORK.—With two preliminary conferences already held, preparations are moving swiftly forward toward the City Daily Worker Conference to be held at Stuyvesant Casino, 142 Second Ave., on Sunday, Nov. 13, at 10 a. m.

Calls for delegates to this conference which will take up plans for improving the city edition of the Daily Worker as well as spreading its circulation and influence, have already been sent to over 700 different organizations. These include branches of the International Workers Order, the International Labor Defense, language organizations and workers' clubs, United Councils of Working Women, the Trade Union Unity League, the Young Communist League, Unemployed Councils, the Workers School and various cultural groups.

At the two preliminary meetings, held during October, members of the Trade Union Unity Council and active members of the Unemployed Councils were present. The latter meeting attracted 215 unemloyed workers.

The conference on Nov. 13 will hear W. W. Weinstone, editor of the Daily Worker, who will be the main speaker. A discussion will take place on new methods to be applied in building the Daily, based on the report by Comrade Weinstone.

All organizations and clubs which have not yet selected delegates to this conference are urged to do so immdiately. Communications should be sent to N. Feld, New York Provisional Daily Worker Committee, 35 E. 12th Street.

BERKMAN BAILED; PARTIAL VICTORY

Union Leader Urges Continued Struggle

RUTHLAND, Mass., Nov. 4.—Edith Berkman, textile organizer, awaiting deportation to fascist Poland, under Doak's orders, has just been released under $1,000 bond. She has issued the following statement from the private Carrol Sanitarium here where she is at present.

"I want all the workers and sympathizers to know that my release is only a partial victory. My release, after all preparations had been made for my deportation to Poland, where I would have been thrown into a dungeon to die, was brought about only through the organized protest of the International Labor Defense and sympathetic organizations.

"I am sick as a result of all this persecution brought against me because I organized 23,000 workers against wage cuts and speed-ups. I will be deported as soon as I may recover, although I am in this country legally. The workers should not be satisfied with this partial victory and continue the protest movement for no deportation of foreign-born. Release of all class war prisoners!

—EDITH BERKMAN."

DAILY CALLS FOR VOLUNTEERS

Volunteers are asked to report to the Daily Worker office on the eighth floor for important worker. Ask for L. Lewis in the business office.

Four Bakers' Union Locals Now Holding Primary Elections

Four locals of the Bakery and Confectionary Workers International Union of America, locals 79, 505, 507 and 509, are holding primary elections in their respective unions.

In local 505, the largest local, an Election Objection Committee was elected last Friday, through methods of intimidation on the part of the officials. This Election Objection Committee, consisting of those people responsible for the present situation inthe local, made a decision, in spite of the protest of the membership, not to allow any one who is in bad standing in the local for more than five months to vote or to run for office.

The Rank and File Committee of five, of local 505, which was elected several months ago to conduct the campaign for the 8-hour day in the local, calls upon the membership to vote for the rank and file candidates proposed, and not to allow the same clique to go back into office once more.

Jail 12 in Newark for Holding Election Rally

NEWARK, N. J.—Twelve workers were fined $20 or 40 days in jail yesterday by Judge Albano for participating in a Communist election rally at Charlton St. and Waverly Ave. on August 25.

Ruth Miller was given an additional 30 days, and Seth Johnson was given an additional three days for contempt of court, because the judge said he "didn't like the way they looked at him."

Appeals have been filed for all 12.

Solomon Golat, of the International Labor Defense, ably defended the workers.

The judge, at the begining of the trial, declared he was going to find the workers guilty because they are "organized distrubers of already disturbed workers." By this he meant that he would find them guilty for fighting the oppression of the Negro workers in the 4th precinct, the heart of the Newark Negro section, where 90 per cent of the workers are unemployed and threatened with deportation from Newark.

Charges against five young workers for distributing leaflets were dismissed.

See that Election Watchers are Appointed!

Bronx

BOARD WANTED—For boy 18 months old. Answer V. K., c/o Daily Worker.

FREEMAN CAFETERIA
Formerly the R. & M.
1291 WILKINS AVENUE
NEAR FREEMAN
COMRADELY ATMOSPHERE

DAYLIGHT
BAKERY—RESTAURANT
711 Allerton Avenue
(Near Woolworth's)
FRESH BAKING 4 TIMES DAILY
Special Attention to Parties and Banquets
KATZ & MARKUS, Managers

Morrisania Stock Farms, Inc.
GRADE "A" DAIRY PRODUCTS
883 Tinton Ave. Bronx, N.Y.

Third Annual Ball
Saturday, Nov. 5th
to be given by the
Prospect Workers Center
At HUNTS POINT PALACE
Cor. 163rd St. and Southern Blvd.
BRONX
Music by Rosenthal's International Band
Tickets 40c in Advance At Door 50c
ALL WORKERS INVITED

Gottlieb's Hardware
119 THIRD AVENUE
Near 14th St. Tompkins Sq. 6-8547
All kinds of
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
Cutlery Our Specialty

Garment District

COMRADES MEET AND EAT at the
7TH Ave. Delicatessen and Dining Room
295 SEVENTH AVE.
(Between 26th and 27th Streets)
FROM A SANDWICH TO A MEAL

HYGRADE
VEGETARIAN and DAIRY RESTAURANT
149 West 28th St., New York
A REAL TREAT FOR WORKERS
Special Dinner 5 p.m. to 9 p.m. 45c

Phones: Chickering 4947—Longacre 10080
COMRADELY ATMOSPHERE
FAN RAY CAFETERIA
156 W. 29th St. New York

L. O. R.
Cooperative Barber Shop
169 WEST 29TH ST.
(Near 7th Avenue)
50c Haircut and Shave
NO WAITING — — 6 BARBERS

WORKERS PATRONIZE
CENTURY CAFETERIA
154 West 28th Street
Pure Food Proletarian Prices

Garment Section Workers Patronize
Navarr Cafeteria
333 7th AVENUE
Corner 28th St.

SERVE YOURSELF TO HEALTH AT
SEVERN'S
CAFETERIA
7th Avenue at 30th St.
Best Food at Workers Prices

Good Food Served Right
Farragut Cafeteria
326 Seventh Av., at 28th St.

Classified

WANTED COUPLE OR GIRL to share apartment in Bronx. Come to talk it over at 1954 Unionport Road, Apt. 6F, (Bronx Park E. Station), or ask for M. K., Box 18 "Daily Worker" 8th floor, 50 E. 13th Street, N. Y. C.

LARGE LIGHT ROOM IN BRONX—All improvements. With comrades. East 169th St., near Boston Road. See A. W., Daily Worker office, 8th floor.

BEAUTIFUL FURNISHED ROOM—Light, 2 windows. With comrades. 196 East 17th St., Room 23.

SINGLE ROOM TO RENT—$13.50 a month. To one willing to stay in 2-3 evenings a week. Apply 317 E. 18th St. Apt. 3.

NEW GORGEOUS SEVEN PIECE BEDROOM SET—Chiffrobe, dresser, vanity, bench, chair, night table. $560. Sacrifice including all oreton covers $138. Phone EVergreen 7-5112.

LIVE IN A—
WORKERS COOPERATIVE COLONY

We have a limited number of 3 and 4 room apartments
NO INVESTMENT NECESSARY — OPPOSITE BRONX PARK
2800 BRONX PARK EAST
Comradely atmosphere—In this Cooperative Colony you will find a library, athletic director, workroom for children, workers' clubs and various cultural activities
Tel. Estabrook 8-1400; Olinville 2-6972
Take Lexington Avenue train to White Plains Road and Get off Allerton Avenue
Office open from: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. every day; 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturday 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sunday

AMUSEMENTS

There's always a better show at RKO
MAYFAIR B'WAY 65 ST.
"AIR MAIL"
with Ralph Bellamy — Gloria Stuart
Daily to 2 p.m. 35c—11 p.m. to close 50c

CAMEO B'WAY 42 ST.
Breaking a 9-year Cameo Record
"GOONA-GOONA"
9TH CAPACITY WEEK
BUY RKO THRIFT BOOKS AND SAVE 20%

THE THEATRE GUILD presents
THE GOOD EARTH
dramatized by Owen Davis and Donald Davis from the PULITZER PRIZE NOVEL
By Pearl S. Buck
GUILD THEA., 52nd St., W. of Broadway
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thursday & Saturday 2:30

THE GROUP THEATRE Presents
SUCCESS STORY
By John Howard Lawson
Maxine Elliotts Thea., 39th, E. of B'way
Evs. 8:40 Mat. Wed., Sat & Elec. Day, 2:40

MEN MUST FIGHT
A Vital Play
"IT IS A STIRRING PLAY"—N. Y. SUN
LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. BR. 9-0546
Evgs. $1.00 to $2.50 Mats. THURS. & Sat.

AMERICANA New Revue Hit with
PHIL BAKER
AND COMPANY OF 50
SHUBERT THEA., 44th St., W. of B'way
Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30

R-K-O JEFFERSON 14th St. & 3rd Ave.
TODAY TO TUESDAY—3 Features
"Life Begins" with LORETTA YOUNG
"The Face on the Barroom Floor"

MUSIC

Philharmonic-Symphony
TOSCANINI, Conductor
Carnegie Hall, This Sun. Aft. at 2:00
BEETHOVEN—SIBELIUS—ENESCO
Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Eve., Nov. 10, at 8:45
Fri. Aft., Nov. 11 at 2:30; Sun. Aft., Nov. 13, at 3
Bossi—Wagenaar—Brahms—Strauss
SCHELLING, Conductor
Carnegie Hall, Sat. Morning, Nov. 19 at 11
Children's and Young People's Concert
SERIES NO. 1—CONCERT NO. 2
Program Illustrating the Strings
ARTHUR JUDSON, Mgr. (Steinway Piano)

Lerman Bros.
29 EAST 14TH STREET
NEW YORK
Tel. Algonquin 3356-8843
We Carry a Full Line of
STATIONERY
AT SPECIAL PRICES
for Organizations

HOSPITAL AND OCULIST PRESCRIPTIONS FILLED AT 50% OFF

White Gold Filled Frames $1.50
Zyl Shell Frames $1.00
Lenses Not Included
Manhattan Optical Co.
123 HESTER ST.
Between Bowery & Chrystie, N.Y.
Open Daily from 9 to 7 Tel.
Sunday 10 to 4 Orchard 4-0250

Dr. WILLIAM BELL
OPTOMETRIST
108 E. 14th St., near 4th Av.

COHEN'S

Eyes Examined by Registered Optometrist in Attendance
117 ORCHARD STREET
(First door off Delancey)
Hospital Prescriptions Filled

Brooklyn

WORKERS—EAT AT THE
Parkway Cafeteria
1638 PITKIN AVENUE
Near Hopkinson Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y

PURITY QUALITY
SUTTER
Vegetarian and Dairy Restaurant
523 SUTTER AVE. (Cor. George) B'klyn

LEARN RUSSIAN
Experienced teacher arranges per private or group instructions
MRS. E. SHOWAN
30 East 95th Street Brooklyn, N. Y.
Telephone SLocum 6-8783

ANNOUNCEMENT
Dr. Louis L. Schwartz
SURGEON DENTIST
Announces
The removal of his office to larger quarters at
1 Union Square (8th Floor)
Suite 806 Tel. ALgonquin 4-3865

DR. JULIUS LITTINSKY
107 Bristol Street
(Bet. Pitkin & Sutter Aves.) B'klyn
PHONE: DICKENS 2-9229
Office Hours: 9-12 A.M., 1-3, 6-8 P.M.

Alg. 4-9049 Strictly by appointment
Dr. L. KESSLER
SURGEON DENTIST
853 BROADWAY
Suite 1007-1008 Cor. 14th St
New York

Intern'l Workers Order
DENTAL DEPARTMENT
80 FIFTH AVENUE
15th FLOOR
All Work Done Under Personal Care of DR. JOSEPHSON

NOW PLAYING!
AMERICAN PREMIERE
A THRILLING DRAMA OF ARMENIA
ANUSH
(The Armenian)

Made and screened in this little known country of the U.S.S.R.
It depicts the life of the peasants in Soviet Armenia—the age-old habits and superstitions—their work and play—bull fights—cockfights—etc.
It will hold you spellbound!
It will amaze you!
It will amuse you!
THE WORKERS **Acme Theatre**
14th Street and Union Square
SP. MIDNITE SHOW ELE. EVE.

CIVIC REPERTORY 14 St. & 6th Av. WA. 9-7450.
50c, $1, $1.50 Evs. 2:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
EVA LE GALLIENNE, Director
Tonight "THREE SISTERS"
Sat. Mat. PETER PAN—Sat. Eve. LILIOM
Seats Four Weeks in Advance at Box Office and Town Hall, 113 W. 43rd St.

COUNSELOR-AT-LAW 2nd YEAR
WITH PAUL MUNI BY ELMER RICE
PLYMOUTH THEA., W. 45th. LA. 4-6780
Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30

DANCE RECITALS
Six Sat. Eve. Dance Recitals, Nov. 12th, Dec. 24th, Jan. 28th, Feb. 11th, Apr. 8th, May 6th.
Ruth St. Denis Dancers; Miriam Marmein
"Petrouchka": Felicia Sorel—Gluck Sander; Chalif Dancers
Elsa Findlay Dancers; "Salome": Sorel-Gluck Sander-Losee
WASHINGTON IRVING H. S.
Irving Place & 16th St.
$2 for the series of six recitals. Mail orders to Students Dance Recitals, 52 Union Square (STu. 9-1291). Also on sale at Gimbel Brothers and Wanamaker's.

Attention Comrades!
OPEN SUNDAYS
Health Center Cafeteria
Workers Center — 50 E. 13th St.
Quality Food Reasonable Prices

Phone Tompkins Sq. 6-0554
John's Restaurant
SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES
A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet
302 E. 12th St. New York

JADE MOUNTAIN
American & Chinese Restaurant
197 SECOND AVENUE
Bet. 12 & 13
Welcome to Our Comrades

HELLEN'S
RESTAURANT
116 University Place
CORNER 13TH ST. NEW YORK CITY

EAT AT THE
ROYAL CAFETERIA
827 BROADWAY
Between 12th & 13th Sts.)
Royal Dishes for the Proletariat
OUR WORKERS MEMBERS OF F.W.I.C.

Tel. STuyvesant 9-0742
Stuyvesant Casino
Two Large Halls
For Balls, Banquets, Weddings, Parties, Meetings and Conventions
ROTHSTEIN & KESSLER
140-142 Second Ave., New York

Airy, Large
Meeting Rooms and Hall
TO HIRE
Suitable for Meetings, Lectures and Dances in the
Czechoslovak Workers House, Inc.
347 E. 72nd St. New York
Telephone: Rhinelander 5097

Manhattan Lyceum Hall
For Mass Meetings, Entertainments Balls, Weddings and Banquets
66-68 E. 4th St. New York

GOING TO RUSSIA?
Workers needing full outfits of Horsehide Leather Sheeplined Coats, Windbreakers, Breeches, High Shoes, etc., will receive special reductions on all their purchases at the
SQUARE DEAL ARMY and NAVY STORE
121 THIRD AVENUE, NEW YORK
Two Doors South of 14th Street, Our Only Store
GENUINE LEATHER WINDBREAKERS, ALL WOOL LINED AND REVERSIBLE $3.95

ELECTION NIGHT
SUPPER *and* DANCE, *Tuesday, Nov. 8th*
WEBSTER HALL, *119 East 11th Street*
DANCING AT 9 SUPPER AT 11
SPEAKERS: John Howard Lawson, John Hermann, Joseph Freeman, Richard Moore, William Z. Foster, and others.
ENTERTAINMENT: Margaret Larkin will sing original revolutionary ballads; Political dance interpretations and other features.
Dance Music by Vernon Anrade Orchestra
Reservations in advance only (limited to 1,000)
$1.51 Per Plate Six Course Supper
Independent Comm. for Support of Foster-Ford
799 BROADWAY, ROOM 240 Gram. 5-9435

Meet the Communist Candidates and LISTEN TO ELECTION RETURNS
AT THE
ELECTION NIGHT DANCE
Tuesday, November 8th, 1932 at 8 P. M.
At IRVING PLAZA HALL
15th Street and Irving Place
CLARENCE HATHAWAY
Manager, National Communist Election Campaign
Will Analyze the results of the Elections and outline the next steps in the struggle of the workers.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS WITH THIS COUPON 25 CENTS

MEN'S CLOTHING MANUFACTURER
Makes an Honest Appeal to the People

For years the Jackfin Company, 85 Fifth Ave., cor. 16th St., New York, has been manufacturing Men's Clothes for many of the finest retail stores in the country.

Our uppermost endeavor has been to create and manufacture

Suits, Top Coats, Overcoats and Tuxedos

that will stand wear and yet be styled in the latest modes. The depression (now admitted by all political parties) created a chaotic condition among our best retail store customers. These stores, in order to meet unfair competition and the steady downfall of prices, were compelled to stop buying from us and substitute an inferior grade of clothing.

Rather than to lower our standards of quality, we were forced to make one of two quick decisions:

(1) Discontinue our long established business, or

(2) Open our factory doors and deal directly with the public.

We made the latter decision. Since this is a buyers' market, we offer directly to you the same quality **Suits, Top Coats and Tuxedos** that our retailers charged from $30 to $45, at **$14.50 and $19.35.** At these prices you are getting the best buy in Men's Clothes in New York.

Our expert tailors will fit you perfectly in a garment that is custom built of the finest imported and domestic fabrics, 100 per cent all wool, London shrunk.

Here is another opportunity for you. If you want a **Suit, Overcoat** or **Top Coat** made to measure, just come and look over the tremendous stock of wool piece goods. We offer you a choice of **Suits, Top Coats** and **Overcoats,** tailored to your individual taste and measure, **$19.35** and **$23.50.**

Another great buy! Pure **Camel's Hair Coats** from our large stock at **$23.50,** usually retail as high as **$65.**

Every purchase guaranteed to be 100% satisfactory, or we make it so without question.

Remember, fine Suits, Top and Overcoats sold direct to you, **$14.50** and **$19.35.** To your measure, **$19.35** and **$23.50.**

JACKFIN COMPANY
"Known From Coast to Coast"
MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH-GRADE CLOTHES
85 FIFTH AVE. cor. 16TH ST.
Entire Fifth Floor. Open Daily 8:30 A.M. to 7:30 P.M.

GET YOUR RESERVED SEAT NOW

15TH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION

Madison Square Garden 50th Street and Eighth Avenue

of the **RUSSIAN REVOLUTION**

and **FINAL ELECTION RALLY**

Sunday, Nov. 6, at 7:00 p. m.

PAGEANT OF THE SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF FIRST FIVE-YEAR PLAN

CHAIRMAN: C. A. HATHAWAY

SPEAKERS:

WM. Z. FOSTER
COMMUNIST CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT

I. AMTER
CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR

WM. PATTERSON
CANDIDATE FOR MAYOR

EARL BROWDER
CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS

WORKERS' CHORUS OF 500
—:—
W. I. R. BAND

ADMISSION with this coupon 35c. At the door 40c. Unemployed admitted with free tickets issued by the Unemployed Councils. ONLY 1,500 SEATS AT $1.00 TO BE PURCHASED AT 50 E. 13th ST.

International Notes

By PETER HENRY.

SOCIALISTS, FASCISTS UNITE TO BREAK BERLIN TRANSIT STRIKE

As in every single case since the war, the trade union officialdom and the leaders of the German Socialist Party have moved heaven and earth to prevent the Berlin subway street car and bus employees from striking, and when 80 per cent of them voted to strike and did go out—under Red Trade Union Opposition leadership—the Socialists and Nazi leaders formed a united front of betrayal to force the workers back.

VON PAPEN

The N. Y. "Times" claims that Nazi and Communist workers are striking to destroy the trade union. The truth is that hundreds of Nazi adherents, workers employed on the transit system, followed Communist leadership into a united front for an immediate strike against the wishes of their fascist leaders. The lies spread by the "Times" and the Socialists about the cooperation of the Communists with the Nazi leaders are exposed by the Times dispatch itself. An A. P. dispatch in the same issue of the Times states that the Nazi strike leaders have decided to call the strike off because the governmental arbitration board had made a final wage cut decision.

How short-lived lies are! Here we see Nazi, Socialist and Communist workers in a true united front from below striking 100 per cent while the Socialist and Nazi leaders do all they can to break the strike. No wage cuts, not even one cent off wages is the Communists' slogan, and tens of thousands of German workers are following their leadership. It is the Socialists' and Nazis' hard luck that this had to happen just on the eve of the German Reichstag elections. This strike is an object lesson that will make many thousands of Berlin workers resolve that on Sunday, Nov. 6th, their slogan must be: VOTE COMMUNIST!

* * *

THE REICHSTAG GREETINGS

On Sunday, the new Reichstag will be elected in Germany. Already we hear a reduction in the boastful claims of victory made by the Nazis. By now they claim only 40 per cent of the total vote. The Nazis' consistent sabotage of the strikes against Von Papen's wage cuts has revealed their protestations of undying opposition to Von Papen and Hindenburg to be nothing but an empty sham. Those German workers still misled by Hitler are beginning to see this and it is expected that the Nazis will lose millions of votes as compared with the July Reichstag elections. The up-surging strike wave throughout the country, with workers out on strike under Communist leadership, and against the Socialist trade union bureaucrats and Nazi leaders will most certainly cause hundreds of thousands of Socialist workers fed up with Socialist betrayals of labor to shift their vote to the Communists.

Moreover, huge numbers of the German middle classes feel deceived by Hitler's failure to achieve tangible results, and their swing towards monarchism will be reflected in an increase of the Nationalists' vote.

To sum up, the Sunday elections in Germany will show a huge drop in the Nazi vote, while the Social Democrats will also lose considerably. A large part of the Nazi losses will be absorbed by the German Nationalists; the defections from the Social Democrats will be gained by the Communists, who will also gain large numbers of workers who followed Hitler's leadership until the present strike wave.

Germany's Sunday election will be a signal for the American working class to follow the example of their German brothers and VOTE COMMUNIST!

* * *

EXEMPLARY RECRUITING

Six members of Unit 129 in Berlin joined together as the "Krassin Shock Brigade." During September, although the "Rote Fahne" was suppressed, they got 55 new subscribers to the paper. On October 1st, the shock brigade of six held a meeting with songs and recitations, with themselves as actors and singers, netting 13 new subscribers and 84 marks for the Fighting Fund of the Party.

The "Rote Fahne" is the organ of the German Communist Party. As a result of such energetic work all over Berlin, the "Rote Fahne" is now the paper with the fastest growing circulation in Berlin.

American party comrades would do well to follow this brilliant example of how readers are won for the party paper. As the paper grows, so does the Party!

* * *

HUGE RENT STRIKES IN BERLIN

Tens of thousands of tenants are striking in Berlin against high rents and evictions. Whole blocks are out on strike under the slogan: "First food, and then rent!" The courts are overworked handing down eviction orders. But the landlords' and judges' cooperation is outdone by the proletarian solidarity of the tenants. During the past month MORE THAN 300 EVICTIONS HAD TO BE RESCINDED BECAUSE OF THE PROTESTS OF THE WORKING CLASS NEIGHBORS.

The tenants, under the leadership of the local Communist units, have organized a Proletarian Mass Self-Defense League, the members of which immediately carry the furniture of an evicted tenant back into the flat after the sheriff has dumped it into the street.

Such mass action always succeeds. When all tenants stand together, no landlord and no sheriff can wreak their profit-lust upon the unemployed!

"The struggle against militarism must not be postponed until the moment when war breaks out. Then it will be too late. The struggle against war must be carried on now, daily, hourly."

LENIN.

Growing Misery in Mine Towns Told By Letters

Jobless Miners, Near Taylor, Pa., Pick Dump Coal to Avoid Freezing This Winter

"We Must Expose Hypocricy of Capitalist Politicians"

TAYLOR, Pa.—The winter demand for coal has resulted in a slight opening of the mines, but very few of them. These few are not paying the miners their union scale. The bosses have sliced the wages so that a miner is lucky to make $18 a week, when he works that long.

The mines here have been completely idle for months and some for years past. The town has about ten thousand inhabitants and is completely bankrupt. Many of the workers lost their savings when the banks closed. Some of the bank failures here have been caused by manipulation as well as by the economic crisis of capitalism.

Now these defrauded workers have to live on a sloppy bowl of soup which is called "relief." The soup and bread fit for pigs is given out three times a week.

At the Glen Alden Co.

Last week the Glen Alden Coal Co. officials and the fakes of the U.M.W.A. had a meeting here in Taylor, which decides that there was not enough orders for coal to resume operations of the Glen Alden Coal Company.

The colliery here is idle for two years, the workers who are living on the bosses sloppy soup, are so anxious to go back to work and earn a decent living if possible. I heard a cripple woman, who is a mother of 2 children, say, "Oh god, I wish they would start these mines, because I don't know what will happen with my family." This poorly undernourished woman was helping her husband gather some coal for the winter on the nearby company dumps.

There's hundreds of other workers doing the same, some are risking their lives by digging for coal under rock which is not supported properly.

I hear many workers say they are discontented with Hoover but they still think that Wall Street Roosevelt will put them to work. Well, we can't expect these workers to think otherwise until we expose the hypocrisy of capitalist politicians to them.

—S. M.

OHIO MINER TELLS OF U.M. SELL-OUT

Governor's Plan Put Them at Bosses' Mercy

BELMONT, O.—Since the UMWA sold the strike of the miners of Eastern Ohio and the Hocking Valley, after seven to nine months of starvation and fighting a losing battle, the miners have had a hell of a time. Everybody knows how the UMWA agreed to the governor's plan, which is supposed to be arbitration between the miners and the company, but which is really tying the miner to the company.

One of the points is that all further wage cuts should be taken to him for consideration thirty days before it comes into effect. The miners have a right of representation.

Another point is all men previously employed in said mine will be given the first opportunity to go to work, and there will be no outside labor employed until all men of said mine are rehired. If both parties don't agree, the governor will decide the issue.

We miners have already tried this point out, we demanded bread, the governor gave us bullets and tear gas.

The men who are working now are getting their coal weighed by the company bosses, and are getting two tons for loading a four-ton car. There are men being picked out of the mine and fired for loading dirty coal. They have no chance of seeing the dirt they are supposed to have loaded according to law.

This is the governor's plan in action. It is the bosses' plan. It is the UMWA plan.

The Eastern Ohio miners went back to work after being told by the U.M.W.A. officials to get a job if possible. There are from four to five thousand victimized miners in East Ohio who are out of a job because of the policy of the UMWA officials in the strike.

What do the miners who were forced back to work under this strike breaking policy say now, also the victimized men who cannot get a job? They say we are going to organize the miners in Ohio, for the next struggle.

Members of the UMWA, employed and unemployed, along with the members of the National Miners Union, elect pit committees and fight on a united front basis for our immediate needs.

From a member of the UMWA of Eastern Ohio.

Legion Allies With Boss, UMWA Leaders Against Vet Miner

DUMORE, Pa.—The Pittston Coal Co. clerks at No. 1 colliery, No. 5 shaft, at Dumore, sign the employe's names on a slip to withhhold a dollar per month from wages as U.M.W. union dues. A company union, in other words.

A miner who is a disabled veteran with overseas war service, a man who always gave liberally to a needy person or family, refused to permit the organized charity racketeers to chisel money from his wages to pay fabulous rents, wages, etc., to this parasitic tribe. He was, of course, immediately given the gate.

The Scranton American Legion, ever ready to help (the company), and to whom this vet paid dues for years, made a few false passes and finally ordered their customer buddy out, threatening to summon their reliable allies, the cops. Incidentally these preservers of law and order accomplish much of their illicit guzzling in this infamous joint.

The mine bosses, the cops, faker-union-leaders, stoolpigeons, et al, band together to form a conspiracy to flimflam, bulldoze, and ultimately attack the ex-servicemen and workers in general.

How long must we workers conduct ourselves like a school of lifeless, spineless jellyfish, to be helplessly swayed and swept by the current that carries us to certain destruction and elimination? To avoid this, we must, at once and without fail, attach ourselves to our proper branch of the T.U.U.L., that revolutionary organization that is poison to the master-class but paradise to the worker.

Evicted Miner.

MINE TOWN OF 200 SEES LARGE "VOTE RED" SIGN

Hungry Workers Paint It on 125 Foot Tank Overlooking Town

WHITE PINE MINE, Mich. — In this mining town of about 200 population several attempts have been made to keep the Communist election posters of Comrade Foster and Ford posted on the wall of several old empty buildings. But without success, as it was too much for the endurance of the township officials who have torn them down each time.

But on the morning of October 28 the township officials were terrified to see on a 125 foot water tank, which overlooks the town, painted in large letters such slogans as "Vote Communist," and a hammer and sickle. Attempts were made during the day to rub off this ghastly spectacle, so seen in the eyes of the officials and some "respectable" citizens, but without success.

Finally the officials gathered together their scattered wits and late in the afternoon the company watchman was ordered to go up there and smear tar to cover the daunting signs. These signs were the talk of the town.

The important officials, such as Tom Wilcox, who is the big shot of the whole country, fear that these signs and slogans will have great effect in turning the workers toward Communism, as about 40 per cent of the population voted Communist in the last township elections.

The conditions of the workers here are terrible. The mines have been closed for the last 12 years and if there is any work the bosses flunkeys get nearly all of it.

All the work to be had at the present time is at some lumber camps that pay 50 cents a day for 12 hours. The men live in old stinky and lousy box cars that aren't fit for pigs to live in.

—T. A.

Chats with Our Worcorrs

While gathering material for "Chats," I got a hold of the New York Times Magazine, Section of May 15, 1932. In that issue, there is an article entitled, "Miners, and yet Mountaineers at Heart," by Malcolm Ross.

He tells there how pressed the miners are by want in the course of the story. He writes like this:

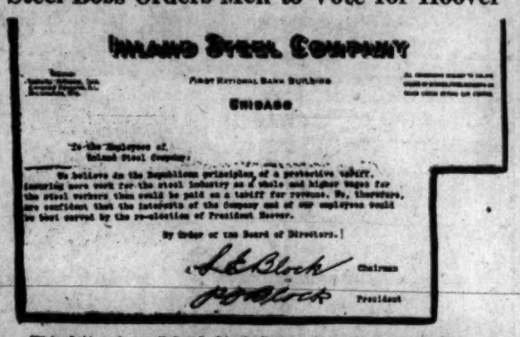
"It was their religion which broke the rising power of the Communist Union, the National Mine Workers, in the eastern Kentucky coal fields. Hungry, ready to listen to anyone promising relief, the miners had taken out union cards and sworn to stick out a strike. A group of them went to New York to take the seven weeks' Communist courses.

"There they were astounded to hear that religion was held to be a drug administered by capitalists to the working classes, that they could not cling to their faith and remain good Communists. Some of the miners returned outraged and spread the news that their leaders were atheists. Disillusionment ate at the core of the National Mine Workers strength. The strike was broken without bloodshed. Lean miners look levelly through solemn eyes and say: 'I couldn't deny my God'. **Religion in this case was on the side of the strike-breakers.**"

Nothing about troops, about sheriffs, about bloody company thugs, about the betrayal of the United Mine misleaders. Everything was peaceful without bloodshed. It also shows how the bosses are trying to break our strikes against wage cuts and speed-up by creating struggle between workers on religion.

You miners, who went through all the terror, when you read this in the Daily Worker, show it to your fellow-miners, talk to them how the capitalist press lies about you. If possible work out a leaflet based on this. Build up the National Miners Union, in spite of the lies, in spite of terror.

Steel Boss Orders Men to Vote for Hoover



INLAND STEEL COMPANY

CHICAGO

To the Employees of Inland Steel Company:

We believe on the Republican principles of a protective tariff, insuring more work for the steel industry as a whole and higher wages for the steel workers than could be paid on a tariff for revenue. We, therefore, are confident that the interests of the Company and of our employees would be best served by the re-election of President Hoover.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

L. E. Block Chairman

J. F. Block President

This letter from Inland Steel Co. to its wage cut workers, constantly fearing loss of jobs, is a threat. It is a threat already backed up by firing of a worker at its Indiana Harbor plant on charges that he tore down a picture of Hoover. Steel workers are urged to vote against the wage-cutting boss candidate—to vote Communist Nov. 8th!

Steel Workers Score Boss Orders to Vote Republican

Forced to Wear Hoover Buttons to Keep Jobs, Promise Each Other to Vote Red

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 4.—Very well satisfied with the starvation tactics of the Hoover government the steel bosses are trying hard to intimidate the workers into voting for him again, reports from a number of steel mills show.

Like Henry Ford the steel bosses are making speeches telling the workers that the re-election of Hoover is of urgent necessity. But they also go further.

This is true in the Calumet Steel and Iron region. At the Republic Steel in South Chicago every worker is compelled to wear a Hoover button. Many workers put up an open fight, saying "to hell with Hoover" and in private they add, "I am going to vote for Foster and Ford". Workers are wearing Hoover buttons only in order not to lose their jobs.

Hoover Buttons Or No Pay.

In the Standard Forging of Indiana Harbor two workers were sent home on pay-day and weren't paid until they brought Hoover Buttons with them.

In the Inland Steel of Indiana Harbor (which employs 2,000 workers at present) a worker was fired for tearing Hoover's picture from the wall. This company sends a letter practically ordering them to vote for Hoover.

In the Illinois Steel in South Chicago and Gary (employing 2,500 and 4,000 respectively the same things are being done. The bosses are saying that "if you will not vote for Hoover you will lose your job."

With such terror added to the speed-up and wage-cuts the steel workers are more than ready to organize.

Union Holds Symposiums.

The Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union has arranged for three election symposiums where the various parties will be able to present their stand. The first of these meetings was held in Gary. It was attended by 800 steel workers. The Republican speaker was booed down after 5 minutes when he demagogically declared that he was for the workingman.

THREATEN NEGRO RED CANDIDATE

Youngstown Workers Pledge Defense

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Nov. 4.—Abe Lewis, Communist candidate for sheriff of Youngstown County received by mail today a threat signed by the Ku Klux Klan, ordering him to leave the city within 24 hours.

Comrade Lewis has been active in the election struggle and has carried on an effective exposure of the Negro reformists who are frantically working to trap the Negro workers into the political camps of the imperialist oppressors. He will continue his activity. The bosses are afraid that there will be a large Communist vote as more and more the impoverished white and Negro workers are rallying to the fight against the bosses' program of starvation, imperialist war and lynch terror.

Hundreds of white and Negro workers have pledged to support and defend Comrade Lewis.

GREEK WORKERS ENDORSE FOSTER-FORD

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 4.—At a very enthusiastic meeting called by the Greek Workers Educational League over 200 workess pledged to support the election platform of the Communist Party.

FARM STRIKERS! VOTE COMMUNIST!

(Statement of Wm. Schneiderman, Communist Candidate for Governor of Minnesota)

The farm strike movement, which displayed such splendid militancy during the past two months, has been knifed in the back by the leaders of the Farmers' Holiday Association. The farmers' strike, which grew out of the growing sentiment for mass struggle among the poverty-stricken farmers of the Middle West, was threatening to develop into a mass movement, not merely for higher prices, but against foreclosures, sheriff's sales, and evictions, and against the payment of taxes.

Milo Reno, $8,000 a year president of the National Farmers Holiday Association, and John H. Bosch, Minnesota state president, are linked up with the Farm bloc "Progressives", the fake "farmers' co-operatives", and with the social-fascist Farmer-Labor Party. They placed themselves at the head of the farm strike movement in order to head it off. This was most clearly brought out in a speech made by one of the local fakers at a Wisconsin farmers' mass meeting, in which he endorsed the farm strike because "if we don't demand something, the Communists will, and they are multiplying as fast as mosquitoes."

When the Governors' Conference took place in Sioux City, Iowa, in Septemebr, the Farmer-Labor Governor Olson of Minnesota made a bombastic statement to the press that "if the farm strike spreads to Minnesota, I will call out the National Guard, if necessary, to help the farmers."

Well, the farm strike did spread to Minnesota, but Governor Olson's actions were just the opposite of his demamgogic statements, as could be expected. When the farm pickets were blocking all highways into the Twin Cities, Governor Olson called upon the sheriffs and their deputies to "keep order". By "keeping order", he meant to smash the picket-lines.

But unfortunately, the sheriffs and their deputies met their match. During the course of several pitched battles between the deputies and the aroused farmers, one sheriff was knocked unconscious.

The State Police then raided the picket camps.

The solidarity of the city workers, employed and unemployed, were pledged to the farm strike by the Communist Party and the Unemployed Council, which endorsed the strike and organized solidarity demonstrations in Minneapolis and other cities, raising the slogan of joint action to fight for higher prices for the farmers and lower prices for the city workers.

The capitalist political parties are against the farm strike. The Republican and Democratic parties say so openly; the "progressives" like Brookhart, and the Farmer-Laborites like Olson, give lip-service to the farm strike, but the actions of Olson in breaking the strike in Minnesota should show the farmers how much they can believe in these faker's "sympathy". The Socialist Party has come out openly against the farm strike, as evidenced in Norman Thomas' speeches.

The Communist Party is the only party that has endorsed the farmers' struggle against bankruptcy and ruin, and offers in its election platform the only program for the immediate interests of the small and middle farmer. The third point in the national Communist election platform demands: "Emergency relief fo the impoverished farmers without restrictions by the government and the banks; exemption of poor farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rents or debts".

Communists in Minnesota and other states have taken the lead in putting this program into action, by stopping sheriff's sales and foreclosures, byo rganizing farmers' relief demonstrations and hunger marches as in St. Louis County, and by actively suppoting the Farmers' National Relief Conference meeting in Washington, D. C., December 7.

Farmers, farm strikers! Vote Communist on November 8th!

Former Farmer-Labor Leader Appeals for Communist Vote

PALISADE, Minn.—Carl E. Taylor, 67-year old veteran in the class struggle in Minnesota and Farmer-Labor candidate for governor in the 1930 primary elections, has issued an open letter appealing to the workers and farmers of Minnesota to vote for the Communist state and national ticket on November 8th. Comrade Taylor, when he was in the Farmer-Labor Party several years ago, carried on a struggle against the betrayals of its social-fascist leaders and joined the Communist Party some time ago.

INK STENCILS

MIMEOGRAPH SUPPLIES

Paper for Two Sides—30c a Ream
Rebuilt Machines
UNION SQUARE MIMEO SUPPLY
108 E. 14th St. Room 205 AL. 4-4763
Information Free
OPEN FROM 9 A.M. to 7 P.M.

RUSSIAN ART SHOP
PEASANTS' HANDICRAFTS
100 East 14th St., N. Y. C.
Imports from U.S.S.R. (Russia)
Tea, Candy, Cigarettes, Smocks, Toys
Shawls, Novelties, Woodcarving,
Lacquered Work
Phone Algonquin 4-5694

PREPARING NATIONAL HUNGER MARCH

MILWAUKEE CITY MARCH, NOV. 15

Conference Prepares National March

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 4.—Veterans' organizations, unemployed and employed workers' organizations including locals of the A.F.L. and of the Trade Union Unity League unions, are called by the unemployed council to a United Front Conference on unemployment, Nov. 13, at 10 A. M., in Bues Hall, 914 North Plankinton, Milwaukee.

Besides preparing for the National Hunger March organization here, the conference will make last minute arrangements for the Milwaukee county hunger march of Nov. 15.

Demands.

The demands of the unemployed in Milwaukee are:

1) Cash relief of $12 a week, $2 additional for each dependent, to all unemployed workers.

2) No forced labor, and no deductions for relief. Workers employed on county or city jobs to receive not less than $20 a week cash wages.

3) Pending action on these demands, immediate improvement in the present form of commissary relief: a) Vouchers given to all unemployed for fresh meat at the meat market.

b) Dairy products, especially fresh butter; c) More fresh eggs; d) clothing and coal; e) free transportation or carfare for unemployed workers and dependants; f) clothing, shoes and hot meals for children in schools.

4) Tax ememption on all workers' property up to $5,000 and no foreclosures on workers' homes.

5) No discrimination against Negro or foreign-born workers in the giving or county aid or in the hiring for county and city jobs.

6) Unemployment Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.

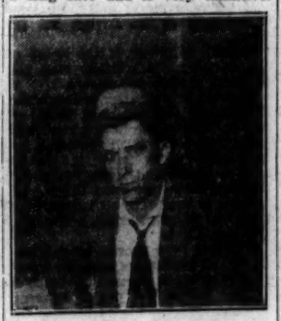
A United Front Conference of war veterans was held last Sunday, Oct. 30 at Bues Hall. Representatives from the American Legion and V. F. W. were present. This conference elected delegates to the Hunger March Conference, and laid ground for the march of the veterans from Milwaukee to Washington.

STRUGGLE AGAINST PROVOCATION

Workers' Enemies Exposed

(The Detroit District Committee of the Communist Party exposed recently three spies and disrrpters, who have been active in the Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League, and who were found to have associated with the self-admitted police spy Mrs. Cooper. In publishing this exposure in the "Daily Worker" of October 22, only two them, Mitchell MacKray and Tom Jones, were covered, but the notice about Cecil Ellis was omitted.—Ed.)

CECIL ELLIS: About 35-40 years of age; 5 feet 6 inches in height; about 140--150 pounds in weight; has a long face and is very talkative.



While active in the Friend of Soviet Union, he misappropriated about $40 of literature money.

In the Unemployed Council he always accepted responsible work, which he deliberately neglected.

Exposed as an unreliable and suspicious element by his close association with MacKrap, Jones and Mrs. Cooper.

District Committee, District 7, Communist Party of the U.S.A.

Tag Day for Logan Circle in Capitol

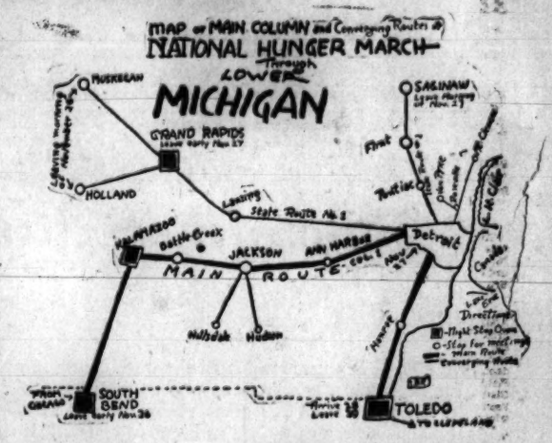
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 4.—A city wide Tag Day will be held on Sunday, November 6, beginning 10 a. m. in behalf of the three young Negro lads framed on a charge of murder in Logan Circle.

Report to the following stations:

525—23rd St. N. W.; 1019—13th St. S. E.; 1524—7th St., N.W.; 2040 Georgia Ave., N. W.; 21 M Street, S. W.; 1341 Corcoran St. N. W.

Send contributions to 1524—7th St. N. W.

Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.



LINCOLN PARK MARCH LED BY COMMUNIST, STOPS RELIEF CUTS

John Pace, Chairman of Rank and File Vets National Committee, Spokesman for Jobless

City Council of Auto Baron's Town Forced to Promise Free Coal to Unemployed Families

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 4.—A united front demonstration to the city Hall of Lincoln Park which was led by John T. Pace, Communist candidate for congress in the 16th District forced the Council to withdraw the cut in relief and to give coal to every family that needs it immediately. The City Council also promised to have another meeting to take up the rest of the demands.

In spite of the heavy rain over 200 workers answered the call of the committee representing the Unemployed Councils and the Unemployed Citizens League on Monday night. The Socialist Party had attempted to disrupt the united front but the rank and file ignored them.

This victory proves how a united struggle can force better conditions for the workers and lays a basis for support to the National Hunger March.

HUNGER MARCH BUTTONS

Hunger March buttons are ready. They are sold for $7.50 per thousands.

All orders must be C. O. D. Wire orders immediately to W. I. R. 146-8th Ave., N. Y. C.

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.

Material for National Hunger March Preparations Is Ready

NEW YORK.—Material to aid organize the National Hunger March is now available, it was announced yesterday by the Workers' International Relief Joint Committee for Support of the National Hunger March.

Attractive Hunger March buttons, to be sold at all affairs to help popularize the historic march, may now be obtained at the rate of $7.50 per thousand.

A new pamphlet written expressly for the National Hunger March, 1932, "Why We March on Washington," will sell at one cent each and may be ordered at $8 per thousand.

All orders are C. O. D. and checks and money orders should be made out to the Hunger March Committee and sent to the Workers' International Relief Joint Committee for Support of the National Hunger March, 146 Fifth Ave., New York.

Appealing for swifter response for immediate funds to initiate the National Hunger March, the Joint Committee urged that labor and fraternal organizations advance definite sums of money to commence the campaign. All such monies should be send to the national office at the address given above.

SOVIET UNION BUILDS NEW LIFE

Record Big Gains on 15th Anniversary

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

named "Pravda," has gone to Moscow for the 15th anniversary celebration. The Leningrad plant "Electric," has fulfilled its October quota by 111 per cent and has completed construction of a pipe calibrating machine of which there are only seven in the entire world. The shock workers of these factories have applied, and have been accepted into the membership of th Communist Party. Similar achievements are reported from all parts of the Soviet Union.

Miners Send Anniversary Gift

Leading mines of the Donbas region have sent a 65 car trainload of coal as a gift to the anniversary celebration. The train is accompanied by fifteen of the best shock workers. Destination of the train is marked, "Central Committee of the Communist Party of U. S. S. R., Council of Peoples' Commissars."

Rapid Growth of Trade Unions

The membership of the trade unions has increased by over 6,000,000 since the beginning of the Five Year Plan. The present membership is nearly 18,000,000. In 1917 the trade union membership was only 1,500,000. The spirit of the masses in overcrowding the difficulties of Socialist construction is reflected in the figures of shock brigade workers engaged in socialist competition. Of the total trade union membership, 72 per cent of all workers, 84 per cent of the engineers and technicians, and 49 per cent of the employes participated in social competition through shock work this year.

Only 29 per cent of the workers participated in shock work in 1930. The trade unions are a mighty organization of the Soviet working class, which are raising the material and cultural level of the masses. Over 4,000 large workers clubs, 28,000 libraries, 100,000 "Red Corners," and an equal number of radio sets have been established. Illiteracy has been completely eliminated this year among the entire trade union membership.

Warn All Voters Against Rumors In the Elections

NEW YORK, N. Y.—C. A. Hathaway, chairman National Communist Campaign Committee, issued a warning today to all friends and voters of the Communist ticket to beware of "last minute rumors spread by working class enemies against the Communist Party and its candidates, William Z. Foster and James W. Ford."

"It has been a consistent policy of the Republican, Democratic, and Socialist Parties and their press," said Hathaway, "to spread various lying rumors in this election campaign in reference to the Communist Party and its candidates. We have witnessed how the Socialist Party and one of its members, Heywood Broun, columnist for the Scripps-Howard chain, first said that the Communist Party will be on the ballot in only ten or twelve states. This same Mr. Broun said that Foster was deposed from the leadership of the Communist Party. Both of these statements were, of course, outrigh lies. Mass protest finally made Broun back down. We wish to warn all our friends and voters of the Communist ticket of last minute rumors spread by working-class enemies against the Communist Party and its candidates, William Z. Foster and James W. Ford."

VOTE COMMUNIST

Against Imperialist War; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

The International Workers Order Sends Revolutionary Greetings TO THE WORKERS OF THE SOVIET UNION ON THE FIFTEENTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION

The Twenty-one Thousand Members of the I. W. O. hail the completion of the Five-Year Plan in four as a tremendous step forward in the building of Socialism.

In the Soviet Union workers are protected by a complete system of SOCIAL INSURANCE—protection against sickness and death, medical care and old age pensions. In the United States workers are denied these benefits and must protect themselves against sickness and death through mutual aid organizations.

THE INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER is such a workers mutual-aid organization. Protect your self and your family against sickness and death at the lowest rates. JOIN THE INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER.

THE INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER is also in the forefront of the struggle for Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and the employers.

GREET THE SOVIET WORKERS BY JOINING THE I. W. O.

HELP BUILD THE ONLY WORKING CLASS FRATERNAL ORDER — THE I. W. O.

Daily Worker
Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

Published by the Comprodaily Publishing Co., Inc., daily except Sunday, at 50 E. 13th St., New York City. N. Y. Telephone ALgonquin 4-7956. Cable "DAIWORK." Address and mail checks to the Daily Worker, 50 E. 13th St., New York, N. Y.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
By mail everywhere: One year, $6; six months, $3.50; 3 months, $2; 1 month, 75c excepting Borough of Manhattan and Bronx, New York City. Foreign and Canada: One year, $9; 6 months, $5; 3 months, $3

An Epic of Socialist Construction

DNIEPROSTROI is a name which all the world knows. Scores of correspondents, bourgeois as well as proletarian, have described the wonders of this great enterprise, and recorded the gigantic dimensions of the plan which is to make this the most powerful hydroelectric station in the world. Some bourgeois correspondents tried, when the greater part of the enterprise still existed only in the form of plans, to prove by argument that it could not be realized. But bourgeois arguments cannot stand against Bolshevik deeds. After three years of ceaseless effort, Dnieprostroi is a living reality. The turbines sing like huge humming-tops and the cables which mount up the river banks on their high pylons, from the great transforming station to the factories, are alive. Let any bourgeois critic now try to demonstrate that these cables are not alive. He will get a nasty shock.

Well, if Dnieprostroi, of which all the world already knows, is a reality, what more remains to be said about it? Much. What I should like to say would fill a book. It is not so much of dams and turbines, cables and kilowatts that I wish to write, as of the meaning of Dnieprostroi as a piece of socialist building.

ITS PURPOSE

What is the purpose of this mighty source of power? Concretely, it is to provide energy for a complex of industrial works unequalled in the world. An aluminum - producing works, a high-grade steel plant, a ferro-alloy plant producing the compounds for high-grade steels, a coke and chemical plant, a work for highly refractory furnace bricks—these are among the new creations which will be the immediate consumers of the Dnieper's power.

• • •

"COME back and see what we have done in Russia in ten years' time," said Lenin.

That was in 1920, and he was talking to Mr. H. G. Wells. That famous Utopian had been discussing with Lenin the first plan for the electrification of Russia. And in his book, "Russia in the Shadows," he summarizes the interview as follows:

"Lenin, who, like a good orthodox Marxist denounces "Utopians," has succumbed at last to an Utopia, the Utopia of the electricians. He is throwing all his weight into a scheme for the development of great power stations in Russia to serve whole provinces with light, with transport and industrial power. Two experimental districts, he said, had already been electrified.

"Can one imagine a more courageous project in a vast flat land of forests and illiterate peasants, **with no water power**, with no technical skill available, and with trade and industry at the last gasp?

"While I talked to him he almost persuaded me to share his vision . . . But these are only sketches and beginnings," the doubting Utopian objected.

"Come back and see what we have done in Russia in ten years' time," Lenin answered.

Poor Mr. Wells! If he could stand on the banks of the Dnieper now, and see the mighty river harnessed to the production of electric energy equal to more than eight hundred thousand horsepower—he, who is so ignorant that he thinks that this "vast flat of forests" contains no water-power!

The history of the building of Dnieprostroi is one long story of fight with difficulties and doubters. And the answer to all doubts is that the dam was completed and the first power generated on May 1, 1932. The original plan provided that, on December 1, 1932, two turbines were to be set in motion. Thus, the shock-brigaders of socialism beat their own time-table by six months.

Was it because they found their task easier than had been at first supposed? It certainly was not. On the contrary, many unforeseen difficulties and problems arose in the course of constructing the dam. Many a time the American engineers, the world's most experienced constructors of such works, employed as consultants, were baffled by these problems. And who solved them? Let us talk to the men who did the work, the engineers, the men of pick and shovel, sledge hammer and pneumatic drill. You will find their words more useful and more bracing than the meditations of Mr. Wells, the crystal-gazer.

During the winter it was necessary, in order that the spring flood waters might be held, and the dam be in readiness to supply water to the turbines, that sluices be fixed between the piers. The Americans warned the Soviet engineers that this was an impossible undertaking. And again the Soviet workers and engineers put all their force to the task, and achieved the impossible. Many heroes of labor arose in this struggle. Such a one is Kozub, a great ex-peasant, of whom his comrades speak with a mixture of amusement and enthusiasm for his terrific feats.

Kozub came to Dnieprostroi as an unskilled laborer, at the very beginning of its construction. He had been working as a sailor on one of the ships which ply on the Dnieper. On the construction of the dam, he was employed as a crane banksman. Under the tuition of the American specialists, he learned quickly, and became assistant-foreman for a section of the dam. When the difficult task of lowering the temporary sluice-gates into position came to be tackled, Kozub was given the job. He invented a method of driving the sluices down by using a crane as a sort of huge pile-driver, which hammered the structure into position, by dropping a great mass of concrete upon it. Perched perilously on the edge of the sluice, Kozub would signal directions to the crane-driver. More than once he was hurled twenty feet or more into the icy water. But Kozub only laughed at these mishaps. His first sluice took eight or nine days to fix. But he worked at his task, improving his methods, sometimes staying on the job for two days at a time, until the fixing of a sluice took only eight hours.

• • •

SO KOZUB carried out his task for socialist construction. A few months ago, he joined the Communist Party, declaring that he recognized the leadership of the Party in the carrying out of the mighty work which has inspired his life with enthusiasm. Of such stuff are the shock-brigaders of socialism made; this is what socialist construction makes out of "illiterate peasants . . . with no technical skill" of whom Mr. H. G. Wells speaks in disdain.

When spring, 1932, came, the dam was so far completed that the flood waters of the Dniepr found themselves unable to make their usual wild dash through the rapids at Kitchkas, the site of Dnieprostroi. Water and ice-floes were piled up behind the great wall of concrete, until the level of the river above the dam had risen scores of feet. The landscape above the dam was changed. A great lake appeared where formerly there had been a valley in the steppe. When the ice broke, some young engineers set off in a motor launch to explore the lake which they had created. They came to a far-away village. "What have you done?" the old peasants asked them. "When the ice broke, the Dniepr used to roar. Now he only whispers."

But, down at the dam, the Dniepr was far from whispering. The great river was making one final effort to break down the barrier which checked its ancient rush to the sea, and harnessed its forces in the service of socialist construction. The dam held the innumerable tons of ice and water, but, at one end, where the power-station stands, the fight with the flood was going through its last stages. The great tubes under the turbine house had been completed to take the flow of water which was to drive the generators. The giant rotors had been installed, and above them, two generators were already complete and connected up for their preliminary tests.

IT IS COMPLETED

So the shock-brigaders fulfilled their pledge, and the first current was generated at Dnieprostroi on May 1, 1932. These are no longer what the sceptical Mr. H. G. Wells called "sketches and beginnings." The vision of the "Dreamer in the Kremlin," that which Mr. Wells called "the Utopia of the electricians," is reality on the banks of the Dniepr, in the land of socialist construction.

SOCIALISM ACCOMPLISHED IT!

Socialism can do these things, even if it has to begin with half-literate peasants as workers. True, 55 per cent of the builders of Dnieprostroi were peasants by origin and 20 per cent of them came straight from the villages. But Dnieprostroi has trained twenty thousand skilled constructional workers. It has trained scores of engineers from the working class. These Soviet engineers have developed a new technique. They have done things which the Americans set down as "impossible." Now, with all their experience and skill won by struggle with the Dniepr, they are going on to harness the Volga.

The electric sun rises over the Soviet Union, from Europe to the Far East, as the sun of socialism rises. It cannot rise over the rest of the world until the fogs of capitalism have been dispersed.

—*W. H. Holmes.*

600 of 5,000 Alaskan Gold Miners Have Jobs, Work Dangerous

JUNEAU, Alaska.—I would like to write you the story of the Alaska Juneau Gold Mining Co., which has been exploiting six or seven hundred workers in this city in the last twenty years. This mine is one of the richest mines in the United States at the present time, and one of the most dangerous places to work. Many of the miners lost their lives in this mine by accidents.

It is operated on the caving system, which means that the ore is blasted by the millions of tons. This ore runs down along a great many shoots down to the main shoot, over 900 feet deep. A man can't see from the powder smoke, has to work by guess. If a man misses his step while he is working, good-bye forever. Sometimes nobody can see what has happened.

All this is against the law, but the company doesn't care, and nobody bothers them, no matter how many hundred workers lose their lives. The workers are not organized.

Now, the unemployment situation. The population of Juneau is around 5,000, but only 6 or 7 hundred work steady in this mine.

Longview.

Lenin on Eve of October

(EDITOR'S NOTE—The following letter was addressed by Lenin to the Central Committee of the Bolshevik Party on November 6, 1917. During this period Lenin was forced to live in hiding and kept in constant communication with the Bolshevik leadership by messages and through emissaries. On this day he sent this letter—the last one prior to the seizure of power—in which he instructed that "under no circumstances is power to be left in the hands of Kerensky and Co. until the 7th." He did not wait for an answer, but, donning, his disguise, proceeded to the Smolny Institute, the headquarters of the Bolshevik Party, and there assumed direct command of the forces of the Proletarian Revolution.).

• • •

LETTER TO THE MEMBERS OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

Comrades!

I am writing these lines on the evening of the 6th. The situation is extremely critical. It is as clear as can be that delaying the uprising now really means death.

With all my power I wish to persuade the comrades that now every thing hangs on a hair, that on the order of the day are questions that are not solved by conferences, by congresses (even by Congresses of Soviets), but only by the people, by the masses, by the struggle of armed masses.

The bourgeois onslaught of the Kornilovists, the removal of Kerkhovsky show that we must not wait. We must at any price, this evening, tonight, arrest the Ministers, having disarmed (defeated if they offer resistance) the military cadets, etc.

We must not wait! We may lose everything!

The immediate gain from the seizure of power at present is: defense of **the people** (not the congress, but the people, in the first place, the army and the peasants) against the Kornilovist government which has driven out Verkhovsky and has hatched a second Kornilov plot.

Who should seize power?

At present this is not important. Let the Military Revolutionary Committee seize it, or "some other institution" which declares that it will relinquish the power only to the real representatives of the interests of the people, the interests of the Army (immediate offer of peace), the interests of the peasants (take the land immediately, abolish private property), the interests of the hungry.

It is necessary that all the boroughs, all regiments, all forces should be mobilized and should immediately send delegations to the Military Revolutionary Committee, to the Central Committee of the Bolsheviks, insistently demanding that under no circumstances is power to be left in the hands of Kerensky and Co. until the 7th, by no means!—but that the matter must absolutely be decided this evening or tonight.

History will not forgive delay by revolutionists who could be victorious today (and will surely be victorious today), while they risk losing much tomorrow, they risk losing all.

If we seize power today, we seize it not against the Soviets but for them.

Seizure of power is the point of the uprising; its political task will be clarified after the seizure.

It would be a disaster or formalism to wait for the uncertain voting of Nov. 7. The people have a right and a duty to decide such questions not by voting but by force; the people have a right and duty in critical moments of a revolution to give directions to their representatives, even their best representatives, and not to wait for them.

This has been proven by the history of all revolutions, and the crime of revolutionists would be limitless if they let go the proper moment, knowing that upon them depends **the saving of the revolution**, the offer of peace, the saving of Petrograd, the saving from starvation, the transfer of the land to the peasants.

The government is tottering. We must **deal it the death blow** at any cost.

To delay action is the same as Written November 6, 1917.

Letters from Our Readers

Communist Party Has NOT Endorsed Judge Panken in Election

Editor, Daily Worker,
Dear Comrade:

Listening to the Socialist Party radio station WEVD on October 29, I heard part of an election speech by Judge Jacob Panken, who is running for Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals. In his talk he stated that he was offered the endorsement of the Communist Party and the Republican Party, but that he refuses to part with his principles as a Socialist Party member. It is understandable how the Republican Party could offer to endorse such a man. Of course I cannot believe his statement as to the Communists, but I think it would be advisable for you to make an explanation in the Daily Worker as to the facts in this case in order to prevent any worker being deceived by his statement over the radio.

Comradely yours,

M. K.

EDITOR'S NOTE

The Communist Party has not endorsed in any form Jacob Panken or any other Socialist candidate. It is emphatically opposed to Panken and to the entire Socialist ticket and Socialist Party. The statement of Panken could only be a piece of trickery comparable to the Parliamentary tricks of Republicans and Democrats, in whose footsteps the Socialist Party is following and whose parliamentary "wisdom" it has fully imbibed.

"SCRAM! I'M VOTING FOR FOSTER AND FORD!" —*By Burck*

The Fight for Right of Free Speech in Birmingham, Ala.

A Discussion of Past Experience and Future Tasks; "For a Big Vote for Foster-Ford on Nov. 8"

By NAT ROSS.

IN THE South, the impoverished both white and Negro (and especially the later) are denied the most elementary democratic rights. It is therefore necessary in order to build a really powerful mass movement against the ruling class to make a sharp fight for the A. B. C. rights of the Southern toilers.

SOME MISTAKEN IDEAS

In this brief article I want to deal with one small part of this question, namely, the recent fight for free speech (and assembly) in Birmingham. First, we must mention a few wrong ideas held by some comrades which had to be overcome before and during this struggle if we were to have any success.

1.—Some comrades said we could not come out in the open because the ruling class was too strong and united, with the Democratic Party in full control. They said we were too weak and the workers would be afraid to make the fight. Quick developments soon proved that this was wrong. At the same time it should be mentioned right here that of the dozen arrests in Birmingham in August and September every one, including new workers, including some who were badly beaten, came out with a more determined spirit than ever.

2.—Other comrades said that the Party will be illigal before the Revolution anyway so we might as well get used to underground work and stay where we are now.

3.—There was also the remark that the fight for democratic rights is a liberal fight and not a revolutionary one.

4.—And finally we had some 'bold' comrades who wanted to break out in the open on all fronts in Birmingham "all at once." These are the same comrades who don't ask for permits when it is necessary, who want downtown demonstrations when there is no organizational base in the neighborhoods or shops. These same comrades are the ones who think conspirative work is "cowardly," and do not see that conspirative work, small committee meetings, tight organizational forms, secret inner meetings etc. are necessary **precisely** to develop the mass fight for legality.

• • •

The moving of the Southern District of the International Labor Defense from Chattanooga to a downtown office in Birmingham and the calling of the All-Southern Conference for Civil and Political Rights on October 2, at the big Colored Masonic Temple, was the first shot in the fight, and was to be followed on October 9, with the Communist election rally with Foster speaking at the popular Lyric Theatre. The All-Southern Conference was called to plan action in the fight for free speech, against the barbarous Southern prison methods, for Scottsboro freedom and for Negro rights, for the right to vote without payment of poll tax.

THE BOSSES PREPARE A TERROR DRIVE

The Birmingham ruling class led by the Tennessee Coal and Iron company (United States Steel) became enraged. The demands of the conference found a warm reaction in the bitter hearts of the oppressed Southern people. The I. L. D. was calling on the white workers to come to the front in the fight for Negro rights. The struggle for Scottsboro freedom was being brought **right into the home of the lynch masters.** Mrs. Montgomery, Scottsboro mother, spoke at a number of successful mees in Birmingham preparatory to the Conference. One of these meetings held in the open air with an attendance of over 200 was attended by the police also but they did not dare interfere, however.

The first step in the terror drive of the police was the raid of the I. L. D. office, the confiscation of literature and the arrest of a number of comrades. This was followed the next day by the lying and provocative statement that the arresting officers had received threats on their lives (presumably from the "Reds"). This, of ocurse, was laying the basis and preparing the "public mind" for police violence against the Foster meeting and the I. L. D. conference.

• • •

FOLLOWING this the Ku Klux Klan was dragged out of the grave and brought to life in a car parade thru Birmingham, distributing handbills declaring that the Conference and the Foster meeting would not be tolerated. Further the K.K.K. even sent a wire to Comrade Foster warning him to stay out of Birmingham on October 9. Chief of Detectives Cole tried to force the closing of the Masonic Temple with the threat that the meeting, if held, would be smashed even if "the police had to shoot to kill." Another broadside was hurled at the Communist Party by the so-called Inter-Racial Commission in Alabama

RALLY BEHIND FIGHTING SLOGANS

On October 2, despite the presence of 150 police and dicks with machine guns, etc., 300 Negro and 50 white workers got thru the cordon of police and attended the historic conference. At the same time from 500 to 1,000 workers were prevented and intimidated from entering the hall. Again on October 9, 1,000 Negroes and 250 white workers attended the Communist rally. Here, too, the presence of about 50 police in front of the theatre intimidated a good number of workers. The meetnig was so enthusiastic that despite the fact that Comrade Hathaway (substituted for Foster) was held up by the New Orleans police the night before, the police and the K.K.K. didn't dare to attack the meeting. These "heroes" sneakingly threw out some stink bombs to disrupt the meeting.

MASS ACTION ANSWERS POLICE THREATS

Why is it that both the I.L.D. Conference and the Communist Rally were not smashed? First, immediately after the raid on the I.L.D. office and the arrest of the comrades, a mass protest campaign was started, approximately 75 resolutions were sent from clubs, churches, unemployed and other organizations from Birmingham and from Southern farming communities. Here it should be noted that the Socialist Party showed its true colors when its candidate for Congress said that while he "believed in free speech" he wouldn't protest against the police threats on the Conference. This showed clearly that the S. P. in its own way is helping the Democrats to carry out the jim-crow terror policy of the ruling class, while the Communist Party is the only Party which was fighting for free speech and was carrying on in practice the Fourth plank of its national election demands. Most important, however, the Conference and meeting were not smashed and the murder plans of the police and K. K.K. came to naught because of the tremendous mass response of the Birmingham workers at both the meeting and the Conference.

MISTAKES IN THE WORK

In all of this activity a number of serious mistakes were made. First and foremost, inadequate building of the Party during this activities and in particular failure to make contact with the workers at the Conference and meeting (partly due to police conditions). Secondly, we did not place sufficient emphasis on winning the white workers for this struggle. We didn't clearly see that at the particular moment the key to winning the white workers for the struggle for democratic rights, which includes primarily the struggle for equal rights for Negroes, was by developing relief activities among the unemployed in the blocks and building our widespread shop contact into committees of struggle against wage cuts, and tying this up with the whole struggle for democratic rights.

• • •

AFTER the success in the fight for free speech it becomes necessary to raise this struggle on a higher plan. The ILD must become the main instrument in the struggle for the legality of the revolutionary movement in Birmingham and in the South. It must become a truly mass organization including in its ranks, not only Communists and sympathizers, but also non-revolutionary workers and middle class elements of all political and religious faiths and even certain "liberal" elements who accept its minimum program. Mass defense struggles can be led with such elements, provided the Party gives close guidance. In the South in partcular, the ILD must become more sensitive to the daily attacks on Negroes and to the ever-increasing terror against all workers in the South.

NEXT STEPS

The fight for free speech must be sharpened in preparation for the local struggles for relief and for the March to Washington in December, with a column coming thru the south from New Orleans. In its recent struggles the Birmingham Party organization has gone through the first process of Bolshevization. No police or fascist terror can smash the solid ranks of the Party in Birmingham. But bigger and fiercer battles are at hand. It will be necessary to take the streets and break down the jim-crow policy enforced by the police at the conference and the election rally. It is necessary to build a more determined party of Negro and white workers firmly leading the down-trodden and poor workers and farmers of the South against hunger and for the release of the Scottsboro boys. For free speech and the right to vote and **for a large vote for Foster and Ford on November 8th!**

NEGRO SLAVERY TODAY

John L. Spivak's Stirring Novel "GEORGIA NIGGER"

NOTE.—"Georgia Nigger" is a smashing exposure of the hideous persecution and national oppression of the Negro masses. The Daily Worker is relentlessly opposed to the white ruling class term, "nigger," and to the oppression and contemptuous treatment of Negroes which it symbolizes. The author shares this view, but, in order to paint a true picture of these horrible conditions, he considered it necessary to use this term as otherwise he would have put into the mouths of the boss lynchers terms of respect for Negroes which they do not use.—Editor.

INSTALLMENT 5.

THE STORY SO FAR: David Jackson, a young Negro boy who has just finished a sentence on the chain gang, returns home. His father, Dee Jackson, is a poor share-cropper on the plantation of the rich white planter, Shay Pearson. Supposedly free, Dee and his family are little more than slaves—Shay Pearson's "niggers." Once Dee had made an effort to work his way to freedom with the aid of a mule and plough bought with his meager savings. But rain destroyed the crop and the mule sickened and died. Sympathetic neighbors gather at the Jackson cabin, including the Negro preacher, Isaac Burr. Dee prays and asks god to bring the mule back to life so as to save him from going to work for Pearson. Now read on:

• • •

"DEY'S a lot o' cullud folks wukkin' fo' Mist' Pearson," the preacher said mildly. 'De Lawd knows his business an' if he wants you tuh be a croppah den he's got his own good reasons fo' hit. You kin bet on dat."

Dee took the lamp in a trembling hand and with old Isaac went to the mound back of the barn, hopeful that on this night of all nights, the miracle would happen: in a blinding flame of fire and a deafening clap of thunder the earth would be rent asunder and the mule would struggle to his feet ready for supper.

But there was no flame of fire nor clap of thunder. Only the lantern light and their shadows on the motionless mound, and a wind whistling.

Dee's head bowed.

"I reck'n dat settles hit, lawd," he said dejectedly.

COLLATERAL

On the second day of the new year Dee got off a neighbor's cart in Live Oak and went hesitantly to the Southern Cotton Bank, the red brick, one-story building across the square from the county court house and jail, and asked for Mr. Albert Graham, the president.

"Coming to deposit your savings, Dee?" the official greeted him jocularly.

"No, suh," he said nervously. "I done come tuh see you 'bout a li'l business matter."

"Sure. Always glad to talk business with you, Dee. Come right in and set yourself down."

"I'd lak tuh len' 'bout two hundred dollars, Mist' Graham," the old man stammered.

"That could be arranged, but have you any collateral?"

• • •

DEE looked puzzled.

"Something that will make sure the bank is repaid," Graham explained.

"Sho I'll pay hit back."

"I must have something as valuable to return," the banker said. "Land—or a house——"

"But I ain' got no lan'," Dee said helplessly, spreading his hands in a gesture of emptiness.

"You see, Dee," Graham pointed out regretfully, "we all know you and we know that if you have the money you will repay a loan. But now, suppose your crop is bad for a season or two—why, you'll hardly be able to pay the interest let alone the principal. Don't you see? And the bank must protect its depositors."

THE LAST HOPE

The Jacksons had been Ramsey "niggers" before the Civil War, and Dee, depressed by the inevitableness of a cropper's contract, turned to Bayard Washington Ramsey as the last hope. The aristocratic white was known for his kindness, especially to descendants of his father's slaves. He lived a mile south of Live Oak in the mansion his father built before the lanky northern lawyer ruined the family's hundred and sixty thousand dollar investment in Negroes, and too proud to enrich himself by Cracker tricks in dealing with blacks, had never increased the two hundred acre plantation left when the war ended and all creditors were paid.

• • •

THE cook greeted Dee shrilly at the kitchen door of the Ramsey home.

"If hit an' ol' Dee hisse'f! Whut you doin' heah?"

"I come tuh see Mist' Ramsey," he said with a worried air.

"Whut fo'?"

"I got tuh see 'im."

"Well, you jes' set right down heah an' I'll go tell 'im."

When she returned she said, "Mist' Ramsey'll see you on de front po'ch. You go roun' dey."

The tall, white-haired planter looked at him questioningly.

"You're a long way from home, Dee," he smiled. "What is it?"

'Mist' Ramsey, suh," the old man began, twisting his hat nervously, "you 'bout de only white man here'bouts we kin come to w'en we is in trouble."

• • •

A PLEA FOR AID

RAMSEY looked gravely at him. "An' I got mo'n a wagon load o' trouble now."

"Yes, Dee."

'Mist' Ramsey, suh——" The nervous twisting of his hat became more pronounced. "My mule done laid down an' died, suh."

The white man nodded sympathetically.

"I bin a hard wukkin' nigger all my bo'n days," Dee continued. "an' I'm willin' tuh wuk de res' o' my days some mo' but I ain' got nothin' tuh wuk wid. No mule. No food. I ain' got nothin'."

"WE'LL WORK FOR YOU"

Ramsey pursed his lips and stared at his fields naked in the winter's day.

"I jes' was ober tuh de bank fo' tuh ask 'em tuh len' me two hundred dollars so's I kin git me a mule an' a li'l food to tide us ober till de nex' crop comes but Mint' Graham done said I'd hab tuh hab col—col——"

"Collateral," Ramsey said quietly.

"Yes, suh. Collateral. But I ain' got no collateral. I ain' got nothin' ceptin' my two han's, an' my wife, an' David an' Henrietta."

"Yes, I know."

"An' I'll hab tuh sign wid Mist' Pearson if I cain' git no two hunnud dollars an' if I goes tuh wuk fo' Mist' Pearson——"

"Yes, I know," Ramsey repeated.

"So I done come tuh you, suh," Dee burst forth pleadingly. "I doan want tuh be Mist' Pearson's nigger. Me, an' Louise an' David an' Henrietta, we'll wuk fo' you 'n' pay you back, suh, if you'll len' hit tuh me."

(Continued Tomorrow)

• • •

IN THIS DESPERATE HOUR WILL THE BROKEN OLD NEGRO CROPPER SUCCEED IN PERSUADING THE ARISTOCRATIC WHITE PLANTER TO LEND HIM THE MONEY? OR WILL DEE BE FORCED INTO SLAVERY AND MISERY ON SHAY PEARSON'S PLANTATION? DON'T MISS MONDAY'S INSTALLMENT!

Red Song Book Is Out; Music and Words for Workers

RED SONG BOOK, prepared in collaboration with the Workers Music League. Workers Library Publishers. 15 cents.

Reviewed by EDWIN ROLFE

THIS collection of revolutionary songs—26 of them, all set to music—marks a definite accomplishment in a much-neglected field of workers' cultural activity. Since the days of Joe Hill (during the time of the militant I. W. W.), who wrote his words to fit the music of current popular tunes, no effort has been spent in the writing and composition of new workers' songs; and very little effort has been made, despite casual attempts now and then, to collect scattered pieces.

"Red Song Book," therefore, comes none too soon, in an attractive format made to fit the pocket of the worker both in price and in size. Its very publication marks progress. More important, however, is the progress indicated in the type of songs included. Instead of the old hobo, lumpen-proletarian songs which made up the bulk of the I. W. W. collections, the "Red Song Book" reveals a greater class-consciousness in its choice of material, a clarity which has been fostered by the historical developments in the United States during the past fifteen years.

There are, of course, the songs which are sung throughout the world, songs which are an intimate part of the revolutionary movement. "The Internationale," "The Barricades," "Red Cavalry," "Red Army March," "Solidarity" and many others comprise this section of the book. And in addition to these, we have for the first time two songs composed by Americans: "Red Brigader," by Jacob Schaefer, and "Stand Guard," by Lahn Adohmyan. The inclusion of "Comintern" by the foremost proletarian composer in the world, Hans Eisler of Germany, testifies to the broad scope covered by this collection.

Finally, but most significant of all, we must stress the inclusion of songs written by workers and workers' groups in the midst of specific struggles. John Reed, long ago, in his book "Insurgent Mexico," described the manner in which the peasants composed their songs, improvising the words and music during their few and far-between periods of rest. These songs usually found their way into illustrated, printed sheets (similar to our leaflets) and were distributed by the thousands. Finally they became woven into the revolutionary tradition of the country, and exist today as part of the history of the peasants' struggle for land during that phase of Mexico's revolutionary development.

In "Red Song Book" there are such pieces as "Miner's Flux," 'Miners' Song,' the "Soup Song," written by unemployed workers in Detroit in the heat of their struggles against evictions and starvation. There are "Poor Miners' Farewell," by Aunt Mollie Jackson, and the "I. L. D. Song," by Ella May Wiggins, and several others that originated in the midst of strikes, unemployed struggles, demonstrations, etc. These are our songs in the fullest sense. Written not from above, for workers, but coming from the ranks of the workers themselves during their own battles, they too will become, as they grow more popular, pages of American class-struggle history.